TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES

MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

AUDIT REPORT

Denning, Downey & Associates, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES

MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Organization	1
Management Discussion and Analysis	2-13
Independent Auditor's Report	14-15
Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position	16 17
Statement of Activities	16-17 18-19
Fund Financial Statements	20.21
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20-21
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	22-23 24-25
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	26-27
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund Types	28-29
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund Types	30-31
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Types	32-33
Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Fund Types	34-35
Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Fund Types	36
Notes to Financial Statements	37-83
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	84-88
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation	89-90
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	91
Schedule of Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	92
Schedule of Contributions	93
Notes to Required Pension Supplementary Information	94-96
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	97-101
Report on Prior Audit Recommendations	102
Auditee's Corrective Action Plan	103-10

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES

MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA

ORGANIZATION

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

TOWN COUNCIL

Joe Willauer	Mayor
Patty Hayes	Mayor effective March 2022
Matthew Greenmore	Council President
Jordan High	Council Member
Nolan Frandsen	Council Member
Scott Holbrook	Council Member
Jim 'JB" Klyap	Council Member

TOWN OFFICIALS

Kristi Millhouse Clerk Treasurer
Lori Harshbarger County Attorney

The following Discussion and Analysis of the Town of Twin Bridges financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2020. Reading this narrative in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, should give the reader a complete overview of the activities and financial status of the Town.

Financial Highlight

- Assets of the Town of Twin Bridges exceeded its liabilities by \$3,528,427 (net position)
- The Town government net position increased by \$90,895
- Business-type net position decreased by \$58,579
- Town governmental funds experienced an increase in revenue over expenses by \$90,895 and an increase from FY19 of \$35,922
- Business type fund had a decrease in revenue over expenses of \$58,579 and an overall decrease from FY19 of \$355,206

Using this Financial Report

The Management Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Twin Bridges' financial statements. The annual report consists of financial statements for the Town as a whole, with more detailed information of certain funds reported as "major funds": General, the Library Fund and Storm Drain District #1, and a business-type fund, Sewer and Water are reported as major funds.

The financial section of this report contains the following components:

- 1. Government-wide Financial Statements.
- 2. Fund Financial Statements
- 3. Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.
- 4. Required Supplementary Information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, described below, are intended to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Twin Bridges' finances.

The *statement of net position* outlines all of the Town's assets and liabilities. The increase or decrease in net position, along with other non-financial factors such as change in tax base and legislative action, can serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Twin Bridges is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how Twin Bridges' net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. Both the statement of net position and the statement of activities use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received and paid.

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that recover all of a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (Business-type activities).

Governmental activities of the Town included general government, public works, and culture and recreation (Library). Business-type activities include the water and sold waste.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements give more detailed information about the Town of Twin Bridges' financial activities. Funds are set up to manage resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required to be set up by state law; other funds are established by the Town to help manage revenues and expenses for specific purposes. All of the Town's funds can be divided into three categories: Governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Town's services are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view to cash, the fund operations and the basic services it provides.

Proprietary Funds

When the Town charges customers for the service it provides, these services are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities.

Fiduciary Funds

All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets. The Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations, but is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the annual financial reports.

Required Supplemental Information

This section provides detailed information concerning revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, comparing current Fiscal Year 2020 to previous Fiscal Year 2019.

Table 1 - Net Position

	Govern	men	ıtal		ype				
	Activ	vitie	s		s				
				Change		Change			
	FY20		FY19	Inc (Dec)	FY20		FY19		Inc (Dec)
Current and other assets	\$ 420,684	\$	352,913	\$ 67,771	\$ 422,288	\$	408,385	\$	13,903
Capital assets	 524,139		260,991	263,148	 3,718,463		3,693,638		24,825
Total assets	\$ 944,823	\$	613,904	\$ 330,919	\$ 4,140,751	\$	4,102,023	\$	38,728
Long-term debt outstanding	\$ 294,932	\$	102,700	\$ 192,232	\$ 1,154,889	\$	1,035,425	\$	119,464
Other liabilities	 81,164		33,372	47,792	 26,162		48,319		(22,157)
Total liabilities	\$ 376,096	\$	136,072	\$ 240,024	\$ 1,181,051	\$	1,083,744	\$	97,307
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 317,623	\$	247,411	\$ 70,212	\$ 2,730,455	\$	2,813,275	\$	(82,820)
Restricted	161,950		150,183	11,767	74,524		70,396		4,128
Unrestricted (deficit)	 89,154		80,238	8,916	 154,721		134,608		20,113
Total net position	\$ 568,727	\$	477,832	\$ 90,895	\$ 2,959,700	\$	3,018,279	\$	(58,579)

Table 2 - Changes	in N	Net	Position
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		Govern			Business-type Activities										
		Acti	vitie	s		CI.		<u> </u>							
		TEX ZOO		EX710		Change	TEX ZOO		TEX 71.0		Change				
D		<u>FY20</u>		<u>FY19</u>		Inc (Dec)	<u>FY20</u>		<u>FY19</u>	ī	(nc (Dec)				
Revenues															
Program revenues (by major source):	ф	500	Φ		Ф	500	105.051	ф	261.002	Ф	44.440				
Charges for services	\$		\$	-	\$	500		\$	361,802	\$	44,149				
Operating grants and contributions		61,257		27,243		34,014	27,672		1,303		26,369				
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-	-		296,922		(296,922)				
General revenues (by major source):															
Property taxes for general purposes		134,512		126,294		8,218	-		-		-				
Licenses and permits		6,016		4,442		1,574	-		-		-				
Miscellaneous		30,134		48,169		(18,035)	2,012		8		2,004				
Interest/investment earnings		159		124		35	544		401		143				
Local option taxes		23,798		22,682		1,116	-		-		-				
Unrestricted federal/state shared revenues		705		-		705	-		-		_				
State entitlement		44,023		42,266		1,757	-		-		-				
Net and gross proceeds		8,926		-		8,926	-		-		-				
Contributions & donations		70		1,268		(1,198)	-		-		-				
State contribution to retirement		1,898		1,475		423	2,767		_		2,767				
Total revenues	\$	311,998	\$	273,963	\$	38,035	438,946	\$	660,436	\$	(221,490)				
Program expenses		-													
General government	\$	41,723	\$	53,020	\$	(11,297)	-	\$	_	\$	_				
Public safety		8,804		13,867		(5,063)	_		-		_				
Public works		69,770		64,745		5,025	-		_		_				
Public health		57		-		57	_		_		_				
Culture and recreation		100,535		87,358		13,177	_		_		_				
Debt service - interest		214		,		214			_		_				
Water				_			242,261		147,041		95,220				
Sewer		_		_		_	255,264		216,948		38,316				
Total expenses	\$	221,103	\$	218,990	\$	2,113		\$	363,989	\$	133,536				
Excess (deficiency) before	Ψ	221,103	Ψ	210,550	Ψ	2,115	771,323	Ψ	303,707	Ψ	155,550				
special items and transfers		90,895		54,973		35,922	(58,579)		296,447		(355,026)				
special fems and transfers		20,033		34,273		33,944	(30,379)		430, 44 7		(333,020)				
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	90,895	\$	54,973	\$	35,922	5 (58,579)	\$	296,447	\$	(355,026)				

Governmental Activities

The cost of all Town activities for the year ending June 30, 2020 was \$221,103 compared to \$218,990 for the previous year.

Business-Type Activities

The cost of the Town's water/sewer department for the year ending June 30, 2020 was \$497,525 compared to \$363,989 for the previous year.

Fund Financial Statements

The focus of Governmental Funds is to provide information on current period revenues, expenditures and the balance of resources available for future requirements. This information is useful in determining the Town's annual financial requirement. As of June 30, 2020, the Town's Governmental Funds reported a combined balance of \$327,224.

The Town of Twin Bridges has two Governmental Funds that are reported as Major Funds. The major funds include the General Fund and the Library Fund.

- General Fund —The General Fund is the primary operating fund for the Town. The general cash balance was \$163,674 at year-end on June 30, 2020.
- Library Fund —The Library Fund is the primary operating fund for the Town Library and includes the blended component unit of the Benefactors of the Twin Bridges Library. The cash balance was \$99,965 at year-end on June 30, 2020.
- Storm Drain District #1 This is the fund to account for the special assessment district for the construction of storm drain system in the Town, and future assessments. Main activity is the proceeds from debt and construction on the project.

Proprietary Funds

The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmental - wide statements but in more detail. The net position of the Water and Sewer funds at the end of the fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$2,959,700.

Capital (Fixed Assets) and Long-Term Debt

The Town of Twin Bridges' governmental fixed assets increased by \$263,148 from the fiscal year 2019 amount of \$260,991 to the Fiscal Year 2020 amount of \$524,139. The increase in fixed assets was because of the addition of the Town's Shop that was completed in FY20.

The business-type assets increased by \$24,825 from the fiscal year 2019 amount of \$3,693,638 to the Fiscal Year 2020 amount of \$3,718,643. The increase was because of the remaining costs of the waterline extension that was replaced/updated across the river to the Madison County Fairgrounds.

Long term debt increased by \$192,232 for a June 30, 2020 balance of \$294,932 in the governmental funds. Long term debt outstanding increased by \$119,464 in the proprietary funds for June 30, 2020 balance of \$1,154,889. The increase in the long term debt is a reflection of the Inter-cap loan that the Town used to complete the Town Shop.

The Town of Twin Bridges did acquire new long term debt for a Bond Anticipation Note for the Storm water System in Fiscal year 2020. Payments for the bond anticipation note will be on annual basis with funds generated from a district that was created. Current long-term debt payments are budgeted within the appropriate fund during the budget process. Long-term debt payments for the proprietary funds are made on a monthly basis for the sewer system. The current debt balance is \$143,182 for the portion of the storm drains.

Economic Factors and Budgets

The annual budget assures the efficient, effective and economic uses of the Town's resources as well as establishing that projects and objectives are carried out as to prioritize financial planning. Through the budget, the Mayor and Town Council set the direction of the Town and allocate the resources.

The following factors were considered in preparing the Fiscal Year 2020 budget.

- <u>Mill Value</u> The Town of Twin Bridges continues to have a stable mill value. The mill value is a concern for the Town to keep steady without huge increases but needs to see some increase in order to keep the Town funds stable.
- <u>Grants</u> are important to the Town of Twin Bridges as they help the Town complete projects that may not get done without these funds. The Town was awarded two grants in 2020 but have yet to complete those projects
- TSEP Grant The Town of Twin Bridges was awarded a \$15,000 grant from TSEP in FY2020 and with \$30,000 matching funds to do a study of the Water Fund. The Town is currently working on an USDA Grant to acquire those matching funds.
- CDBG Grant The Town of Twin Bridges was awarded a \$45,000 grant from CDBG in FY2020 with matching funds of \$45,000 to do a study of the levy that runs along the Beaverhead River through Town.
- <u>State Entitlement Share</u> is provided by the State of Montana and can be used for any government use.
- <u>Gas Tax Apportionment</u> is money provided from the State and can only be used for the Town's Highway and Streets.
- <u>Cash Reserves</u> The Town of Twin Bridges is committed to maintaining a cash reserve. The Town is allowed to have 50% cash reserve.

• <u>Bond Anticipation Note</u> - The Town of Twin Bridges has acquired a bond anticipation note for the storm water improvement project. Construction for the Storm water project will began in FY2020 with the completion of storm drains along 6th Avenue. The remainder of the Town will be completed in 1Y2021.

Contacting the Town Financial Management

This finance report is designed to provide the citizens, tax payers, customers, investors, and creditors of the Town of Twin Bridges with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives and expends. If you have any questions about this report, you may contact the Town Office at 406-684-5243.

The following Discussion and Analysis of the Town of Twin Bridges financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2021. Reading this narrative in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, should give the reader a complete overview of the activities and financial status of the Town.

Financial Highlight

- Assets of the Town of Twin Bridges exceeded its liabilities by \$4,171,881 (net position)
- The Town government net position increased by \$706,920
- Business-type net position decreased by \$63,466
- Town governmental funds experienced an increase in revenue over expenses by \$706,920 and a increase from FY20 of \$616,025
- Business type fund had a decrease in revenue over expenses of \$63,466 and an overall decrease from FY20 of \$4,887

Using this Financial Report

The Management Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Twin Bridges' financial statements. The annual report consists of financial statements for the Town as a whole, with more detailed information of certain funds reported as "major funds": General and the Library Fund. As a business-type fund, Sewer and Water are reported as major funds.

The financial section of this report contains the following components:

- 1. Government-wide Financial Statements.
- 2. Fund Financial Statements
- 3. Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.
- 4. Required Supplementary Information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, described below, are intended to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Twin Bridges' finances.

The *statement of net position* outlines all the Town's assets and liabilities. The increase or decrease in net position, along with other non-financial factors such as change in tax base and legislative action, can serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Twin Bridges is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how Twin Bridges' net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. Both the statement of net position and the statement of activities use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received and paid.

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that recover all of a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (Business-type activities).

Governmental activities of the Town included general government, public works, and culture and recreation (Library). Business-type activities include the water and sewer.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements give more detailed information about the Town of Twin Bridges' financial activities. Funds are set up to manage resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required to be set up by state law; other funds are established by the Town to help manage revenues and expenses for specific purposes. All of the Town's funds can be divided into three categories: Governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Town's services are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund statement provides a detailed short-term view to cash, the fund operations and the basic services it provides.

Proprietary Funds

When the Town charges customers for the service it provides, these services are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities.

Fiduciary Funds

All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets. The Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations but is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information and are essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the annual financial reports.

Required Supplemental Information

This section provides detailed information concerning revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, comparing current Fiscal Year 2021 to previous Fiscal Year 2020.

Table 1 - Net Position

	Govern Acti	 							
			Change			Change			
	<u>FY21</u>	FY20	Inc (Dec)	FY21	FY20	1	nc (Dec)		
Current and other assets	\$ 526,629	\$ 420,684	\$ 105,945	\$ 485,433	\$ 422,288	\$	63,145		
Capital assets	 1,270,190	524,139	746,051	3,619,086	3,718,463		(99,377)		
Total assets	\$ 1,796,819	\$ 944,823	\$ 851,996	\$ 4,104,519	\$ 4,140,751	\$	(36,232)		
Long-term debt outstanding	\$ 412,148	\$ 294,932	\$ 117,216	\$ 1,189,099	\$ 1,154,889	\$	34,210		
Other liabilities	109,024	81,164	27,860	19,186	26.162		(6,976)		
Total liabilities	\$ 521,172	\$ 376,096	\$ 145,076	\$ 1,208,285	\$ 1,181,051	\$	27,234		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 969,872	\$ 317,623	\$ 652,249	\$ 2,638,883	\$ 2,730,455	\$	(91,572)		
Restricted	162,457	161,950	507	78,652	74,524		4,128		
Unrestricted (deficit)	143,318	89,154	54,164	178,699	154,721		23,978		
Total net position	\$ 1,275,647	\$ 568,727	\$ 706,920	\$ 2,896,234	\$ 2,959,700	\$	(63,466)		

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

	 Govern Acti									
					Change					Change
	FY21	FY20		Inc (Dec)	<u>FY21</u>		FY20	Ī	nc (Dec)	
Revenues										
Program revenues (by major source):										
Charges for services	\$ -	\$	500	\$	(500)	\$ 341,671	. \$	405,951	\$	(64,280)
Operating grants and contributions	79,098		31,271		47,827	-		27,672		(27,672)
General revenues (by major source):										,
Property taxes for general purposes	151,934		134,512		17,422			-		-
Licenses and permits	3,610		6,016		(2,406)	-		_		_
Video poker apportionment	900		-		900			-		_
Miscellaneous	11,187		30,134		(18,947)	-		2,012		(2,012)
Interest/investment earnings	115		159		(44)	294		544		(250)
Local option taxes	27,069		23,798		3,271	-		_		-
Unrestricted federal/state shared revenues	2,210		705		1,505	-		-		_
State entitlement	45,815		44,023		1,792	_		_		_
Net and gross proceeds	249		8,926		(8,677)	_		_		_
Contributions & donations	267		30,056		(29,789)	_		_		_
State contribution to retirement	2,734		1,898		836	8,622		2,767		5,855
Total revenues	\$ 983,318	\$	311,998	\$	671,320			438,946	\$	(88,359)
Program expenses	 									(00,000)
General government	\$ 33,493	\$	41,723	\$	(8,230) 5	s -	\$	-	\$	_
Public safety	10,210		8.804	•	1,406	<u>-</u>	-	_	•	_
Public works	111,080		69,770		41,310	_		-		_
Public health	72		57		15	_		_		_
Culture and recreation	120,394		100,535		19,859	_		_		_
Debt service - interest	1,149		214		935					
Water	_, _				-	190,374		242,261		(51,887)
Sewer	-		_		_	223,679		255,264		(31,585)
Total expenses	\$ 276,398	\$	221,103	\$	55,295			497,525	\$	(83,472)
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 706,920	\$	90,895	\$	616,025			(58,579)		(4,887)
. /	 		,0			(35,100	<u>/ </u>	(30,317)	Ψ	(1,007)

Governmental Activities

The cost of all Town activities for the year ending June 30, 2021, was \$276,398 compared to \$221,103 for the previous year.

Business-Type Activities

The cost of the Town's water/sewer department for the year ending June 30, 2021, was \$414,053 compared to \$497,525 for the previous year.

Fund Financial Statements

The focus of Governmental Funds is to provide information on current period revenues, expenditures and the balance of resources available for future requirements. This information is useful in determining the Town's annual financial requirement. As of June 30, 2021, the Town's Governmental Funds reported a combined balance of \$392,684 and increase of \$65,460 from the previous year.

The Town of Twin Bridges has three Governmental Funds that are reported as Major Funds. The major funds include the General Fund and the Library Fund.

- General Fund The General Fund is the primary operating fund for the Town. The general cash balance was \$224,741 at year-end on June 30, 2021.
- Library Fund The Library Fund is the primary operating fund for the Town Library and includes the blended component unit of the Benefactors of the Twin Bridges Library. The general cash balance was \$89,575 at year-end on June 30, 2021.

Proprietary Funds

The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmental - wide statements but in more detail. The net position of the Water and Sewer funds at the end of the fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$2,896,234.

Capital (Fixed Assets) and Long-Term Debt

The Town of Twin Bridges' governmental fixed assets increased by \$746,051 from the fiscal year 2020 amount of \$524,139 to the Fiscal Year 2021 amount of \$1,270,190. The increase is mostly due to a significant infrastructure project for sidewalks that the Town worked with the Montana Department of Transportation funded by Transition Assistance Program Grants.

The business-type assets decreased by \$99,377 from the fiscal year 2020 amount of \$3,718,463 to the Fiscal Year 2021 amount of 3,619,086.

Long term debt increased by \$117,216 for a June 30, 2021, balance of \$412,148 in the governmental funds. Long term debt outstanding increased by \$34,210 in the proprietary funds for June 30, 2021, balance of \$1,189,099. The increase in the long-term debt reflects the tractor purchased for snow removal in 2021 and current debt accrued for the storm drains as of June 30, 2021.

Payments for the bond anticipation note will be on annual basis with funds generated from a district that was created. Current long-term debt payments are budgeted within the appropriate fund during the budget process. Long-term debt payments for the proprietary funds are made monthly for the sewer system. The current debt balance is \$228,481 for the portion of the storm drains.

Economic Factors and Budgets

The annual budget assures the efficient, effective and economic uses of the Town's resources as well as establishing that projects and objectives are carried out as to prioritize financial planning. Through the budget, the Mayor and Town Council set the direction of the Town and allocate the resources.

The following factors were considered in preparing the Fiscal Year 2021 budget.

- <u>Mill Value</u> The Town of Twin Bridges continues to have a stable mill value. The mill value is a concern for the Town to keep steady without huge increases but needs to see some increase to keep the Town funds stable.
- Grants are important to the Town of Twin Bridges as they help the Town complete projects that may not get done without these funds. The Town was awarded three grants in 2020 which will be completed in fiscal year 2022 for the water PER
- **TSEP Grant** —The Town of Twin Bridges was awarded a \$15,000 grant from TSEP in FY2021 and with \$30,000 matching funds to do a study of the Water Fund. The Town is currently working on an USDA Grant to acquire those matching funds.
- **DNRC Grant** The Town of Twin Bridges was awarded a \$15,000 grant from the Department of Natural as matching funds for the TSEP grant. They were also awarded an additional \$5,000 for a total of \$35,000.
- **CDBG Grant** —The Town of Twin Bridges was awarded a \$45,000 grant from CDBG in FY2020 with matching funds of \$45,000 to do a study of the levee that runs along the Beaverhead River through Town. The levee project will be completed December 2021.
- State Entitlement Share is provided by the State of Montana and can be used for any government use.
- <u>ARPA Funds American Rescue Plan</u> are funds that are being provided to city and towns for improvements to infrastructure. The Town of Twin Bridges received \$53,259.10 in FY 2020 and will receive additional \$53,259.10 in FY 2021. A portion of these funds have been used as a match for the levee study.
- Gas Tax Apportionment is money provided from the State and can only be used for the Town's Highway and Streets.
- <u>Cash Reserves</u> The Town of Twin Bridges is committed to maintaining a cash reserve. The Town is allowed to have 50% cash reserve.

• <u>Bond Anticipation Note</u> - The Town of Twin Bridges has acquired a bond anticipation note for the storm water improvement project. Construction for the Storm water project began in FY2020 with the completion of storm drains along 6th Avenue. The remainder of the Town will be completed in FY2022.

Contacting the Town Financial Management

This finance report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors of the Town of Twin Bridges with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives and expends. If you have any questions about this report, you may contact the Town Office at 406-684-5243.

Denning, Downey & Associates, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1740 U.S. Hwy 93 South, P.O. Box 1957, Kalispell, MT 59903-1957

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Town Council Town of Twin Bridges Madison County Twin Bridges, Montana

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2021, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB No. 84 Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedules of contributions on pages 2 through 13, and 84 through 93, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Denning, Downey and associates, CPA's, P.C.

June 29, 2022

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	•	Governmental Activities	. ,	Business-type Activities	,	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	398,982	\$	287,224	\$	686,206
Taxes and assessments receivable, net		10,452		~		10,452
Accounts receivable - net		-		38,332		38,332
Total current assets	\$.	409,434	. \$.	325,556	\$	734,990
Noncurrent assets		•				
Restricted cash and investments	\$	-	\$	74,524	\$	74,524
Capital assets - land		81,243		48,288		129,531
Capital assets - construction in progress		338,853		180,823		519,676
Capital assets - depreciable, net	_	104,043		3,489,352		3,593,395
Total noncurrent assets	\$.	524,139	\$.	3,792,987	\$	4,317,126
Total assets	\$ -	933,573	\$.	4,118,543	\$.	5,052,116
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	\$	11,250	\$	22,208	\$	33,458
Total deferred outflows of resources TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ _	11,250	\$	22,208	\$	33,458
OF RESOURCES	\$ _	944,823	\$ _	4,140,751	\$	5,085,574
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Warrants payable	\$	48,196	\$	_	\$	48,196
Accounts payable	Ψ	20,744	Ψ	2,481	Ψ	23,225
Accrued payables		658		2,101		658
Accrued payroll		2,160		3,556		5,716
Revenues collected in advance		_,,,,,,		4,231		4,231
Current portion of long-term capital liabilities		5,929		31,261		37,190
Current portion of compensated absences payable		6,710		9,722		16,432
Total current liabilities	\$ _	84,397	\$ _	51,251	\$ -	135,648
Noncurrent liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities	\$	15,937	\$	27,138	\$	43,075
Noncurrent portion of long-term capital liabilities		200,587		956,747		1,157,334
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences		2,088		4,310		6,398
Net pension liability		63,681		125,711		189,392
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	282,293	\$	1,113,906	\$	1,396,199
Total liabilities	\$ _	366,690	\$ _	1,165,157	\$ _	1,531,847
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	\$	9,406	\$	15,894	\$	25,300
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ _	9,406	\$ _	15,894	\$ _	25,300
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	317,623	\$	2,730,455	\$	3,048,078
Restricted for capital projects		-		41,500		41,500
Restricted for debt service		-		33,024		33,024
Restricted for special projects		161,950		-		161,950
Unrestricted	_	89,154	_	154,721		243,875
Total net position TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	\$ _	568,727	\$ _	2,959,700	\$ _	3,528,427
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ _	944,823	\$ _	4,140,751	\$ _	5,085,574

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	_	Total
ASSETS			-		-	
Current assets:	4	100.150				
Cash and investments	\$	498,458	\$	338,248	\$	836,706
Taxes and assessments receivable, net Accounts receivable - net		7,334		20.001		7,334
Due from other governments		353		28,981		28,981
Total current assets	s -	506,145	·	367,229	· _{\$} —	353 873,374
	~ –	500,115	·	301,225	· "	073,374
Noncurrent assets						
Restricted cash and investments	\$	-	\$	78,652	\$	78,652
Capital assets - land		81,243		48,288		129,531
Capital assets - construction in progress		218,837		-		218,837
Capital assets - depreciable, net		970,110		3,570,798		4,540,908
Total noncurrent assets	\$ _	1,270,190	\$ _	3,697,738	\$	4,967,928
Total assets	\$	1,776,335	\$ _	4,064,967	\$ _	5,841,302
DEVELOPED OF THE CASE OF THE C						
Deferred outflows of resources	d)	10.707	ф	20.216		70.047
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	\$	19,727	\$	38,316	\$	58,043
Total deferred outflows of resources	_{\$} -	757 20,484	<u> </u>	1,236 39,552	<u> </u>	1,993
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	• –	20,484) -	39,552	\$ <u> </u>	60,036
OF RESOURCES	\$	1,796,819	\$	4,104,519	\$	5,901,338
	· =	2,770,025	_	1,101,019	* ==	3,701,550
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Warrants payable	\$	47,355	\$		\$	47,355
Accounts payable		1,874		4,167		6,041
Accrued payables		2,773		4,450		7,223
Due to other governments		866		-		866
Revenues collected in advance		53,259		4,943		58,202
Current portion of long-term capital liabilities		237,376		36,144		273,520
Current portion of compensated absences payable	_	5,972	_	8,758		14,730
Total current liabilities	\$ _	349,475	\$ _	58,462	\$ <u> </u>	407,937
Noncurrent liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of OPEB	\$	17,210	\$	28,086	\$	45,296
Noncurrent portion of long-term capital liabilities	Ψ	62,942	Ψ	944,059	Ψ	1,007,001
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences		2,153		4,054		6,207
Net pension liability		86,495		167,998		254,493
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	168,800	\$ _	1,144,197	s —	1,312,997
Total liabilities	\$	518,275	\$ _	1,202,659	\$	1,720,934
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	٨	2.00#	Φ.			
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,897 2,897	\$ <u></u>	5,626		8,523
Total deterred inflows of resources	₂ —	2,897	⁵ –	5,626	\$	8,523
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	969,872	\$	2,638,883	\$	3,608,755
Restricted for capital projects		-	•	41,500	-	41,500
Restricted for debt service		-		37,152		37,152
Restricted for special projects		162,457		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		162,457
Unrestricted		143,318		178,699		322,017
Total net position	\$	1,275,647	\$ _	2,896,234	\$	4,171,881
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	^{\$} =	1,796,819	\$ _	4,104,519	^{\$} —	5,901,338

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

								Cł	anges in Net Positio	n					
			Progr	am R	levenues		Primary Government								
					Operating				Business-						
			Charges for		Grants and		Governmental		type						
Functions/Programs]	<u>Expenses</u>	Services		Contributions		Activities		Activities		<u>Total</u>				
Primary government:															
Governmental activities:															
General government	\$	41,723 \$	_	\$	-	\$	(41,723)	\$	-	\$	(41,723)				
Public safety		8,804	-		-		(8,804)		-		(8,804)				
Public works		69,770	500		28,799		(40,471)		-		(40,471)				
Public health		57	-		-		(57)		-		(57)				
Culture and recreation		100,535	_		32,458		(68,077)		_		(68,077)				
Debt service - interest		214	_		-		(214)		-		(214)				
Total governmental activities	\$	221,103 \$	500	\$ _	61,257	\$	(159,346)	\$	-	\$.	(159,346)				
Business-type activities:															
Water	\$	242,261 \$	209,843	\$	27,672	\$	-		(4,746)		(4,746)				
Sewer		255,264	196,108	_	_				(59,156)		(59,156)				
Total business-type activities	\$	497,525 \$	405,951	\$ _	27,672	. \$.		\$	(63,902)	\$ -	(63,902)				
Total primary government	\$	718,628 \$	406,451	\$ =	88,929	\$ -	(159,346)	\$	(63,902)	\$.	(223,248)				
		eneral Revenue													
		Property taxes f	or general purposes			\$	134,512	\$	-	\$	134,512				
		Licenses and pe	rmits				6,016		-		6,016				
		Miscellaneous					30,134		2,012		32,146				
		Interest/investm	ent earnings				159		544		703				
	•	Local option tax	tes				23,798		-		23,798				
			eral/state shared reve	enues	1		705		-		705				
		State entitlemen	t				44,023		=		44,023				
		Net and gross pi					8,926		-		8,926				
		Contributions &					70		-		70				
		State contribution				_	1,898		2,767	_	4,665				
	Te	otal general reve	enues, special items a	and tr	ansfers	\$	250,241	\$	5,323	\$	255,564				
	(Change in net p	osition			\$ -	90,895	\$	(58,579)	\$ _	32,316				
			Net position - begin	ning		\$ _	477,832	\$	3,018,279	\$ _	3,496,111				
			Net position - end			\$ _	568,727	\$	2,959,700	\$ _	3,528,427				

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net (Expenses) Revenues and

Changes in Net Position Program Revenues Primary Government Operating Capital Business-Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental type Functions/Programs Contributions Expenses Services Contributions **Activities** Activities <u>Total</u> Primary government: Governmental activities: General government \$ 33,493 \$ - \$ - \$ (33,493) \$ - \$ (33,493)Public safety 10,210 3,510 (6,700) (6,700) Public works 111,080 23,105 658,130 570,155 570,155 Public health 72 (72)(72)Culture and recreation 120,394 52,483 (67,911) (67,911) Debt service - interest 1,149 (1,149)(1,149)Total governmental activities 276,398 79,098 \$ 658,130 \$ 460,830 \$ 460,830 Business-type activities: Water \$ 190,374 \$ 152,237 \$ \$ - \$ (38,137) \$ (38,137) Sewer 223,679 189,434 (34,245) (34,245) Total business-type activities 414.053 \$ 341,671 (72,382) \$ (72,382)Total primary government 690,451 \$ 341,671 \$ 79,098 \$ 658,130 \$ (72,382) \$ 460,830 \$ 388,448 General Revenues: Property taxes for general purposes \$ 151,934 \$ \$ 151,934 Licenses and permits 3,610 3,610 Video poker apportionment 900 900 Miscellaneous 11,187 11,187 Interest/investment earnings 115 294 409 Local option taxes 27,069 27,069 Unrestricted federal/state shared revenues 2,210 2,210 State entitlement 45,815 45,815 Net and gross proceeds 249 249 Contributions & donations 267 267 State contribution to retirement 2,734 8,622 11,356 Total general revenues, special items and transfers 246,090 8,916 \$ 255,006 Change in net position 706,920 \$ (63,466) \$ 643,454 Net position - beginning 568,727 \$ 2,959,700 \$ 3,528,427 Net position - end 1,275,647 \$ 2,896,234 \$ 4,171,881

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		General		Library		Storm Drain District #1		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	_		_				•			
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	163,674	\$	99,965	\$	445	\$	134,898	\$	398,982
Taxes and assessments receivable, net		10,217		-		-		235		10,452
Due from other funds		11,346		. <u>-</u>				_		11,346
Total current assets	\$	185,237	\$	99,965	\$	445	\$	135,133	\$	420,780
Total assets	\$	185,237	\$	99,965	\$	445	\$	135,133	\$	420,780
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF					_					
RESOURCES	\$	185,237	\$_	99,965	\$_	445	\$	135,133	\$	420,780
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:										
Warrants payable	\$	48,196	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	48,196
Accounts payable		1,453		4,832		14,459		-		20,744
Accrued payables		658		-		-		-		658
Accrued payroll		865		1,295		-		-		2,160
Due to other funds	_		_	-		11,346		-		11,346
Total current liabilities	\$	51,172		6,127		25,805	-	-	. \$ _	83,104
Total liabilities	\$ <u> </u>	51,172	\$_	6,127	. \$ _	25,805	\$_	-	. \$ _	83,104
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred inflows of resources - taxes and assessments	\$	10,217	\$	-	\$	-	\$	235	\$	10,452
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	10,217	\$_	_	\$_	_	\$	235	\$	10,452
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted	\$	-	\$	93,838	\$	-	\$	68,112	\$	161,950
Committed		_		-		_		66,786		66,786
Unassigned fund balance		123,848		-		(25,360)		· -		98,488
Total fund balance	\$	123,848	\$ _	93,838	\$	(25,360)	\$	134,898	\$	327,224
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			_		-		-		-	
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	185,237	\$	99,965	\$	445	\$	135,133	\$	420,780
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements			_		=		-		=	
1 .70										

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		General		Library		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	******						-	Tunus
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	224,741	\$	89,575	\$	184,142	\$	498,458
Taxes and assessments receivable, net		7,172		-		162		7,334
Due from other governments	_	353		-		_		353
Total current assets	\$	232,266	- \$	89,575	- \$ -	184,304	\$	506,145
Total assets	\$ _	232,266	- \$ _	89,575	- \$ -	184,304		506,145
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	232,266	\$	89,575	\$_	184,304		506,145
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Warrants payable	\$	47,355	\$	-	\$	_	\$	47,355
Accounts payable		1,264		610		_	•	1,874
Accrued payables		1,160		1,613		_*		2,773
Due to other governments		866				-		866
Revenues collected in advance		_		-		53,259		53,259
Total current liabilities	\$	50,645	\$	2,223	\$ -	53,259	\$	106,127
Total liabilities	\$	50,645	\$_	2,223	\$_	53,259	\$ _	106,127
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows of resources - taxes and assessments	\$	7,172	\$	-	\$	162	\$	7,334
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	7,172	\$		\$_	162	\$_	7,334
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted	. \$	-	\$	87,352	\$	75,105	\$	162,457
Committed		-		_		55,778	-	55,778
Unassigned fund balance		174,449		-		-		174,449
Total fund balance	\$	174,449	\$	87,352	\$ -	130,883	\$ -	392,684
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					_		-	
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	232,266	\$	89,575	\$_	184,304	\$	506,145
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements					=		=	

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	327,224
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		524,139
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.		10,452
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		(231,251)
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		(63,681)
The changes between actuarial assumptions, differences in expected vs actual pension experiences, changes in proportionate share allocation, and current year retirement contributions as they relate to the net pension liability are a deferred outflow of resources and are not payable in current period, therefore are not reported in the funds.		11,250
The changes between actuarial assumptions, differences in projected vs actual investment earnings, and changes in proportionate share allocation as they relate to the net pension liability are a deferred inflows of resources and are not available to pay for current expenditures, there for are not reported in the funds.		(9,406)
	<u> </u>	
Total net position - governmental activities) =	568,727

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	392,684
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	l	1,270,190
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.		7,334
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		(325,653)
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		(86,495)
The changes between actuarial assumptions, differences in expected vs actual pension experiences, changes in proportionate share allocation, and current year retirement contributions as they relate to the net pension liability are a deferred outflow of resources and are not payable in current period, therefore are not reported in the funds.		19,727
The changes between actuarial assumptions, differences in projected vs actual investment earnings, and changes in proportionate share allocation as they relate to the net pension liability are a deferred inflows of resources and are not available to pay for current expenditures, there for are not reported in the funds.		(2,897)
The changes between actuarial assumptions and differences in projected vs actual liability as they relate to the total other post-employment benefits liability are a deferred outflows of resources and are not payable in the current period, therefore are not reported in the funds.	;	757
Total net position - governmental activities	\$	1,275,647

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		General		Library		Storm Drain District #1		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental
REVENUES	_	General		Library		District #1	-	runus		Funds
Taxes and assessments	\$	87,728	2	_	\$	_	\$	1,454	¢	89,182
Licenses and permits	Ψ	4,991	ν	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,454	Ψ	4.991
Intergovernmental		50,753		3,169		-		23,799		77,721
Charges for services		2,321		73,479		-				75,800
Miscellaneous		28,046		23,359		_		8,164		59,569
Investment earnings		2		129		-		28		159
Total revenues	\$_	173,841	<u> </u>	100,136	\$	-	\$.		\$	307,422
EXPENDITURES										
General government	\$	38,889 \$	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,889
Public safety		6,026		_		-		-		6,026
Public works		49,079		_		15,470		3,301		67,850
Public health		57		-		-		_		57
Culture and recreation		25,313		69,721		-		-		95,034
Debt service - interest		214		-		-		-		214
Capital outlay	_	128,442		8,164		114,580	_	22,250		273,436
Total expenditures	\$	248,020 \$		77,885	\$_	130,050	\$	25,551	\$	481,506
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(74,179) \$		22,251	\$_	(130,050)	\$_	7,894	\$_	(174,084)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds of general long term debt	\$	63,334 \$	5	-	\$	129,602	\$	-	\$	192,936
Transfers in		-		-		-		11,268		11,268
Transfers out	_	(634)		(10,000)	_	<u>-</u>	_	(634)	_	(11,268)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	62,700 \$		(10,000)	\$_		\$_	10,634	\$_	192,936
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(11,479) \$	S	12,251	\$_	(448)	\$ -	18,528	\$_	18,852
Fund balances - beginning	\$	135,327 \$	S	81,587	\$	(24,912)	\$	116,370	\$	308,372
Fund balance - ending	\$_	123,848 \$	S	93,838	\$ _	(25,360)	\$ _	134,898	\$_	327,224

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Library		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		 				2 4440
Taxes and assessments	\$ 100,853	\$ 79,848	\$	3,784	\$	184,485
Licenses and permits	3,610	-		-		3,610
Intergovernmental	708,450	16,816		23,105		748,371
Charges for services	505	-		-		505
Miscellaneous	8,721	39,650		979		49,350
Investment earnings	 12	85		18		115
Total revenues	\$ 822,151	\$ 136,399	\$	27,886	\$	986,436
EXPENDITURES						
General government	\$ 25,027	\$ -	\$	707	\$	25,734
Public safety	8,290	-		-		8,290
Public works	54,009	-		24,179		78,188
Public health	72	-		-		72
Culture and recreation	17,914	94,527		16		112,457
Debt service - principal	5,928	-		-		5,928
Debt service - interest	1,149	-		-		1,149
Capital outlay	 658,852	43,358	_	86,678		788,888
Total expenditures	\$ 771,241	\$ 137,885	\$	111,580	\$	1,020,706
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 50,910	\$ (1,486)	\$_	(83,694)	\$	(34,270)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds of general long term debt	\$ -	\$ -	\$	99,730	\$	99,730
Transfers in	-	-		5,617		5,617
Transfers out	 (309)	 (5,000)		(308)		(5,617)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (309)	\$ (5,000)	\$	105,039	\$	99,730
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 50,601	\$ (6,486)	\$_	21,345	\$_	65,460
Fund balances - beginning	\$ 123,848	\$ 93,838	\$	109,538	\$	327,224
Fund balance - ending	\$ 174,449	\$ 87,352	\$_	130,883	\$_	392,684

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures. and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 18,852
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets: - Capital assets purchased - Depreciation expense	273,436 (10,288)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
- Long-term receivables (deferred inflows)	4,576
The change in compensated absences is shown as an expense in the Statement of Activities	(944)
Long term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:	
- Proceeds from the sale of long-term debt	(192,936)
Termination benefits are shown as an expense in the Statement of Activities and not reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance:	
- Post-employment benefits other than retirement liability	(935)
Pension expense related to the net pension liablity is shown as an expense on the Statement of Activities and not reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	(866)
Change in net position - Statement of Activities	\$ 90,895

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures. and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	65,460
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
- Capital assets purchased - Depreciation expense		788,888 (42,837)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		
- Long-term receivables (deferred inflows)		(3,118)
The change in compensated absences is shown as an expense in the Statement of Activities		673
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the Statement of Net Position:		
- Long-term debt principal payments		5,928
Long term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debincreases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position: - Proceeds from the sale of long-term debt	t	(00.720)
		(99,730)
Termination benefits are shown as an expense in the Statement of Activities and not reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance:		
- Post-employment benefits other than retirement liability		(516)
Pension expense related to the net pension liablity is shown as an expense on the Statement of Activities and not reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		(12,680)
Current year contributions to retirement benefits are shown as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position and shown as expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance when paid.		4,852
Change in net position - Statement of Activities	\$	706,920

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Water		Sewer		Totals
ASSETS						
Current assets:	Φ.	150 500	Φ.	440.600		
Cash and investments	\$	176,532	\$	110,692	\$	287,224
Accounts receivable - net	_	26,973		11,359		38,332
Total current assets	\$ _	203,505	- \$ -	122,051	- \$ _	325,556
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and investments	\$	-	\$	74,524	\$	74,524
Capital assets - land		-		48,288		48,288
Capital assets - construction in progress		90,318		90,505		180,823
Capital assets - depreciable, net		968,556		2,520,796		3,489,352
Total noncurrent assets	\$ —	1,058,874	- \$ -	2,734,113	- \$ -	3,792,987
Total assets	\$_	1,262,379		2,856,164	-	4,118,543
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	\$	11,104	\$	11,104	\$	22,208
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	11,104	- 💲 —	11,104		22,208
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	Ť <u> </u>	22,201	- ~	22,20.	- * –	
OF RESOURCES	\$_	1,273,483	\$_	2,867,268	\$_	4,140,751
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	1,607	\$	874	\$	2,481
Accrued payroll	Ψ	1,778	Ψ	1,778	Ψ	3,556
Revenues collected in advance		2,977		1,254		4,231
Current portion of long-term capital liabilities		5,928		25,333		31,261
Current portion of compensated absences payable		4,861		4,861		9,722
Total current liabilities	\$_	17,151	\$_	34,100	\$_	51,251
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Noncurrent naomities: Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities	¢.	12.560	dr.	12 560	¢.	27 120
Noncurrent portion of long-term nationales Noncurrent portion of long-term capital liabilities	\$	13,569	\$	13,569	\$	27,138
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences		57,405		899,342		956,747
Net pension liability		2,155 62,856		2,155		4,310
	<u> </u>		· _ —	62,855	φ	125,711
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$_	135,985	- \$ _	977,921	· \$ _	1,113,906
Total liabilities	\$	153,136	. \$ _	1,012,021	\$_	1,165,157
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	\$	7,947	. \$ _	7,947	\$_	15,894
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	7,947	. \$ _	7,947	\$ _	15,894
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	995,541	\$	1,734,914	\$	2,730,455
Restricted for capital projects		´ -		41,500		41,500
Restricted for debt service		_		33,024		33,024
Unrestricted		116,859		37,862		154,721
Total net position	\$	1,112,400	\$ _	1,847,300	\$_	2,959,700
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	_		_			
RESOURCES AND NET POSTION	\$	1,273,483	\$ =	2,867,268	\$ _	4,140,751

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Business-	l'ype Activities	- Enterprise Funds
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ACCETC		Water		Sewer		Totals
ASSETS Current assets:						
Cash and investments	Ф		_			
Accounts receivable - net	\$	201,045	\$	137,203	\$	338,248
Total current assets		13,921		15,060		28,981
Total current assets	\$	214,966	- \$ -	152,263	- \$ _	367,229
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and investments	\$	-	\$	78,652	\$	78,652
Capital assets - land		-		48,288	*	48,288
Capital assets - depreciable, net		1,027,353		2,543,445		3,570,798
Total noncurrent assets	\$	1,027,353	\$ -	2,670,385	· _{\$} —	3,697,738
Total assets	\$	1,242,319	\$	2,822,648	;	4,064,967
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	\$	19,158	\$	19,158	\$	20.216
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	Ψ	618	Ψ	618	Ф	38,316
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	19,776	\$ -	19,776	s —	1,236
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF	<u> </u>	19,770	Ψ _	19,770	Φ	39,552
RESOURCES	\$	1,262,095	\$ _	2,842,424	\$	4,104,519
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	3,308	\$	859	\$	4.167
Accrued payables	Ψ	2,225	Ψ	2,225	Ф	4,167
Revenues collected in advance		2,318		2,625		4,450
Current portion of long-term capital liabilities		8,173		27,971		4,943 36,144
Current portion of compensated absences payable		4,379		4,379		•
Total current liabilities	\$	20,403	\$ _	38,059	s <u> </u>	8,758 58,462
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Noncurrent portion of OPEB	\$	14,043	\$	14.042	¢.	20.006
Noncurrent portion of long-term capital liabilities	Ψ	60,055	Ф	14,043 884,004	\$	28,086
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences		2,027		2,027		944,059
Net pension liability		83,999		83,999		4,054
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	160,124	\$ —	984,073	s —	167,998
Total liabilities	\$	180,527	\$ —	1,022,132	<u>\$</u> —	1,144,197 1,202,659
	<u> </u>	100,527	Ψ —	1,022,132	Φ —	1,202,039
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	\$	2,813	\$	2,813	\$	5,626
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,813	\$ _	2,813	\$	5,626
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	959,125	\$	1,679,758	\$	2,638,883
Restricted for capital projects		-	•	41,500	Ψ	41,500
Restricted for debt service		_		37,152		37,152
Unrestricted		119,630		59,069		178,699
Total net position	\$	1,078,755	\$ _	1,817,479	\$	2,896,234
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSTION	\$	1 262 005	e		•	
200201	φ	1,262,095	\$	2,842,424	\$	4,104,519

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

		Water	Sewer	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES				-
Charges for services	\$	211,855 \$	196,108 \$	407,963
Total operating revenues	\$ _	211,855 \$	196,108 \$	407,963
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services	\$	87,461 \$	87,460 \$	174,921
Supplies		12,312	8,418	20,730
Purchased services		40,828	34,740	75,568
Fixed charges		4,001	4,105	8,106
Loss/bad debt expense		54,466	23,505	77,971
Depreciation		42,979	79,483	122,462
Total operating expenses	\$	242,047 \$	237,711 \$	479,758
Operating income (loss)	\$	(30,192) \$	(41,603) \$	(71,795)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	29,055 \$	1,384 \$	30,439
Interest revenue		281	263	544
Debt service interest expense		(214)	(17,553)	(17,767)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$	29,122 \$	(15,906) \$	13,216
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$ _	(1,070) \$	(57,509) \$	(58,579)
Change in net position	\$ _	(1,070) \$	(57,509) \$	(58,579)
Net Position - Beginning of the year	\$	1,113,470 \$	1,904,809 \$	3,018,279
Net Position - End of the year	\$	1,112,400 \$	1,847,300 \$	2,959,700

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position **Proprietary Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	 Water		Sewer		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 152,237	\$	189,434	\$	341,671
Total operating revenues	\$ 152,237	\$	189,434		341,671
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	\$ 89,393	\$	89,391	\$	178,784
Supplies	5,407		6,434	•	11,841
Purchased services	45,254		20,856		66,110
Fixed charges	3,459		5,037		8,496
Depreciation	45,767		82,102		127,869
Total operating expenses	\$ 189,280	\$	203,820	\$	393,100
Operating income (loss)	\$ (37,043)	\$	(14,386)	\$	(51,429)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 4,311	\$	4,311	\$	8,622
Interest revenue	181		113		294
Debt service interest expense	(1,094)		(19,859)		(20,953)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$ 3,398	\$	(15,435)	\$	(12,037)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$ (33,645)	· \$	(29,821)		(63,466)
Change in net position	\$ (33,645)	\$	(29,821)		(63,466)
Net Position - Beginning of the year	\$ 1,112,400	\$	1,847,300	\$	2,959,700
Net Position - End of the year	\$ 1,078,755	\$	1,817,479	\$	2,896,234

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Business - 'I	ype Activities - Enterpr	ise Funds

		Water	Sewer	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from providing services	\$	157,212 \$	•	336,584
Cash payments to suppliers		(42,783)	(12,189)	(54,972)
Cash payments for professional services		(40,828)	(34,740)	(75,568)
Cash payments to employees	*****	(79,117)	(79,117)	(158,234)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(5,516) \$	53,326 \$	47,810
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	\$	(73,620) \$	(73,667) \$	(147,287)
Principal paid on debt		-	(19,021)	(19,021)
Interest paid on debt		(214)	(17,553)	(17,767)
Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances		63,333	63,333	126,666
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$	(10,501) \$	(46,908) \$	(57,409)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:				
Cash received from other governments	\$	29,055 \$	1,384 \$	30,439
Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities	\$	29,055 \$	1,384 \$	30,439
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on investments	\$	281 \$	263 \$	511
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>\$</u>	281 \$	263 \$	544
recount provided (asset) by investing activities	Ψ	Φ	203 \$	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,319 \$	8,065 \$	21,384
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	\$	163,213 \$	177,151 \$	340,364
Cash and cash equivalents at end	\$	176,532 \$	185,216 \$	361,748
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided				
(used) by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(30,192) \$	(41,603) \$	(71,795)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				(-,,
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation		42,979	79,483	122,462
Changes in assets and liabilities:		ŕ	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Accounts receivable		(2,960)	5,617	2,657
Revenues collected in advance		2,977	1,254	4,231
Deferred assessments		(194)	(102)	(296)
Accounts payable		(26,470)	334	(26,136)
Compensated absences		906	906	1,812
Accrued payroll		913	913	1,826
Other post-employment benefits		710	710	1,420
Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows		5,815	5,814	11,629
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(5,516) \$	53,326 \$	47,810

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Table Part		Business - Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
Cash payments to suppliers		 		
Cash payments to suppliers (9,484) (12,089) (21,573) Cash payments for professional services (45,254) (20,856) (66,110) Cash payments for employees (80,332) (80,215) (160,747) Net eash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 30,466 \$ 73,020 \$ 103,486 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities \$ (14,246) \$ (14,246) \$ (28,492) Principal paid on debt (1,094) (19,859) (20,953) Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances (10,941) (19,859) (20,953) Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances (10,943) (19,859) (20,953) Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances (10,942) (46,805) (57,250) Provided (used) by capital and related financing activities \$ (10,445) (46,805) (57,250) Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Cash flows from investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 </td <td>Cash flows from operating activities:</td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash flows from operating activities:	 		
Cash payments for professional services	Cash received from providing services	\$ 165,736 \$	186,180 \$	351,916
Cash payments to employees (80,532) (80,215) (160,747) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 30,466 \$ 73,020 \$ 103,486 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: \$ (14,246) \$ (14,246) \$ (28,492) Principal paid on debt (5,928) (23,523) (29,451) Interest paid on debt (10,944) (19,859) (20,953) Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances 10,823 10,823 21,646 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities \$ (10,445) \$ (46,805) \$ (57,250) Cash flows from non-capital financing activities \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ 24,513 \$ 30,639 \$ 55,152 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 176,532 \$ 185,216 \$ 361,748	Cash payments to suppliers	(9,484)	(12,089)	(21,573)
Cash payments to employees (80,532) (80,215) (160,747) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 33,466 73,020 103,486 Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: 3,4246 (14,246) (28,492) Principal paid on debt (5,928) (23,523) (29,451) Interest paid on debt (10,823) 10,823 21,646 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities 10,823 10,823 21,646 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (10,445) 4,311 8,622 Cash flows from non-capital financing activities 3,431 4,311 8,622 Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities 3,181 4,311 8,622 Cash flows from investing activities 3,181 4,311 8,622 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities 3,181 113 9,294 Interest on investments 3,181 113 9,294 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 3,181 3,0,639 5,5,152 Cash and cash equivalents	Cash payments for professional services	(45,254)	(20,856)	(66,110)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities Sanda S	Cash payments to employees	(80,532)	(80,215)	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets \$ (14,246) \$ (28,492) Principal paid on debt \$ (5,928) \$ (23,523) \$ (29,451) Interest paid on debt \$ (1,094) \$ (19,859) \$ (20,953) Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances \$ 10,823 \$ 10,823 \$ 21,646 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities \$ (10,445) \$ (46,805) \$ (57,250) Accounts from non-capital financing activities \$ (10,445) \$ (46,805) \$ (57,250) Accounts from non-capital financing activities \$ (10,445) \$ (46,805) \$ (57,250) Accounts from non-capital financing activities \$ (10,445) \$ (46,805) \$ (57,250) Accounts from other governments \$ (10,445) \$ (43,11) \$ (43,11) \$ (46,805) \$ (46,8	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 30,466 \$		
Principal paid on debt (5,928) (23,523) (29,451) Interest paid on debt (1,094) (19,859) (20,953) Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances 10,823 10,823 21,646 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities: (10,445) (46,805) (57,250) Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Cash received from other governments \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 8,622 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ 24,513 \$ 30,639 55,152 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 24,513 \$ 30,639 55,152 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 36,748 \$ 215,855 \$ 416,900 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ (37,043)	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Interest paid on debt	Acquisition and construction of capital assets	\$ (14,246) \$	(14,246) \$	(28,492)
Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances 10,823 10,823 21,646 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (10,445) (46,805) (37,250) Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Cash received from other governments \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ 24,513 \$ 30,639 \$ 55,152 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 176,532 \$ 185,216 \$ 361,748 Cash and cash equivalents at tend \$ 201,045 \$ 215,855 \$ 416,900 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation \$ 45,767 \$ 82,102 \$ 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable \$ 13,052 \$ (3,701) \$ 9,351 Revenues collected in advance \$ 447 \$ 447 \$ 894 Accounts payable \$ (618) \$ (618) \$ (1,236) Compensated absences \$ 1,701 \$ (15) \$ 1,686 Accrued payroll \$ (610) \$ (610) \$ (1,220) Other post-employment benefits \$ 474 \$ 474 \$ 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows \$ 7,296 \$ 9,327 \$ 16,623 Cash and cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 1,296 \$ 9,327 \$ 16,623 Cash and cash equivalents at equ	Principal paid on debt	(5,928)	(23,523)	(29,451)
Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances 10,823 10,823 21,646 Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (10,445) (46,805) (57,250) Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Cash received from other governments \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ 24,513 \$ 30,639 \$ 55,152 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 176,532 \$ 185,216 \$ 361,748 Cash and cash equivalents at end \$ 201,045 \$ 215,855 \$ 416,900 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable 45,767 82,102 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 447 447 894 Accounts payable 6(618) 6(18) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll 6(610) 6(10) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	Interest paid on debt	(1,094)	(19,859)	(20,953)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities \$ (10,445) \$ (46,805) \$ (57,250)	Proceeds from bonds, loans and advances	10,823	10,823	
Cash received from other governments \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Cash flows from investing activities: S 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Interest on investments \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ 24,513 \$ 30,639 \$ 55,152 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 176,532 \$ 185,216 \$ 361,748 Cash and cash equivalents at end \$ 201,045 \$ 215,855 \$ 416,900 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Depreciation 45,767 82,102 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) 9,351 <td>Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities</td> <td>\$ (10,445) \$</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$ (10,445) \$		
Cash received from other governments \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Net cash provided (used) from non-capital financing activities \$ 4,311 \$ 4,311 \$ 8,622 Cash flows from investing activities: S 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Interest on investments \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ 24,513 \$ 30,639 \$ 55,152 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 176,532 \$ 185,216 \$ 361,748 Cash and cash equivalents at end \$ 201,045 \$ 215,855 \$ 416,900 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Depreciation 45,767 82,102 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) 9,351 <td>Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Cash flows from investing activities: 4,311 4,311 8,622 Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ 24,513 \$ 30,639 \$ 55,152 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 176,532 \$ 185,216 \$ 361,748 Cash and cash equivalents at end \$ 201,045 \$ 215,855 \$ 416,900 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ (37,043) \$ (37,011) 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 44,77 447 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (618) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701	Cash received from other governments	\$ 4,311 \$	4,311 \$	8,622
Interest on investments \$ 181		\$		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities \$ 181 \$ 113 \$ 294	Cash flows from investing activities:			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ 24,513 \$ 30,639 \$ 55,152 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 176,532 \$ 185,216 \$ 361,748 Cash and cash equivalents at end \$ 201,045 \$ 215,855 \$ 416,900 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 45,767 \$ 82,102 \$ 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) \$ 9,351 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 447 447 \$ 894 447 447 \$ 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (1,236) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (610) (1,220) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 474 948 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	Interest on investments	\$ 181 \$	113 \$	294
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning \$ 176,532 \$ 185,216 \$ 361,748 Cash and cash equivalents at end \$ 201,045 \$ 215,855 \$ 416,900 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (37,043) (14,386) (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 201,045 \$ 215,855 \$ 216,805 \$ 216,805 \$ 216,805 \$ 216,805 \$ 216,805 \$ 216,805 \$ 217,869 <td< td=""><td>Net cash provided (used) by investing activities</td><td>\$ 181 \$</td><td>113 \$</td><td>294</td></td<>	Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$ 181 \$	113 \$	294
Cash and cash equivalents at end \$ 201,045 \$ 215,855 \$ 416,900 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Seconciliation of operating income (loss) \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Depreciation 45,767 \$ 82,102 \$ 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ (37,01) \$ 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 447 \$ 447 \$ 894 Accounts payable (618) \$ (618) \$ (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 \$ (15) \$ 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) \$ (610) \$ (610) \$ (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 \$ 474 \$ 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 \$ 9,327 \$ 16,623	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,513 \$	30,639 \$	55,152
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 45,767 82,102 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 447 447 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	\$ 176,532 \$	185,216 \$	361,748
(used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Cash and cash equivalents at end	\$ 201,045 \$	215,855 \$	416,900
(used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ (37,043) \$ (14,386) \$ (51,429) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 45,767 82,102 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 447 447 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	(used) by operating activities:			
provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 45,767 82,102 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 447 447 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	Operating income (loss)	\$ (37,043) \$	(14,386) \$	(51,429)
Depreciation 45,767 82,102 127,869 Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 447 447 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (610) (610) (9) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 474 9,327 16,623	Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 447 447 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	provided (used) by operating activities:			
Accounts receivable 13,052 (3,701) 9,351 Revenues collected in advance 447 447 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	Depreciation	45,767	82,102	127,869
Revenues collected in advance 447 447 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Revenues collected in advance 447 447 894 Accounts payable (618) (618) (1,236) Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	Accounts receivable	13,052	(3,701)	9,351
Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	Revenues collected in advance	447		894
Compensated absences 1,701 (15) 1,686 Accrued payroll (610) (610) (1,220) Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623	Accounts payable	(618)	(618)	(1,236)
Accrued payroll(610)(610)(1,220)Other post-employment benefits474474948Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows7,2969,32716,623		1,701	` '	
Other post-employment benefits 474 474 948 Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623		· ·	` '	•
Net Pension Liability and related deferred inflows and outflows 7,296 9,327 16,623		` '	` /	,
		7,296		
		\$ 	73,020 \$	103,486

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	 Agency Funds	
ASSETS		
Taxes receivable	\$ 235	
Total assets	\$ 235	
LIABILITIES		
Due to others	\$ 235	
Total liabilities	\$ 235	

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	_(Custodial Funds
A COPPEG		Custodial Funds
ASSETS		
Taxes receivable	\$	162
Total assets	\$	162
LIABILITIES		
Due to others	\$	162
Total liabilities	\$	162

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	 Custodial Funds
Taxes, licenses, and fees collected for other govenments Total additions	\$ 2,824 2,824
DEDUCTIONS	
Taxes, licenses, and fees distributed to other govenments	\$ 2,824
Total deductions	\$ 2,824
Change in net position	\$ -

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA OTTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB No. 95 Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, is effective immediately as of May 2020. The statement was implemented in response to the COVID-19 pandemic providing temporary relief to governments in relation to other GASB statements that were to be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. That statement postponed the effective dates of implementation for the following GASB Statements; GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, Statement No. 87, Leases, Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests, Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, and Statement No. 93 Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. In addition, any of the recent implementation guides issued were postponed.

GASB No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, is effective for years beginning after July 15, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve the information disclosed below related to the debt of the Town, that includes direct borrowings and direct placements. For the purposes of disclosures in the following notes to the financial statements, debt is now defined as a liability that arises from contractual obligation to pay cash in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date of the contractual obligations. This excludes leases, except for contracts reported as a financed purchased of an asset, or accounts payable. In addition, the Statement requires that the Town disclose summarized information about unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral, and terms specified in debt agreements that are significant. The Town has implemented this pronouncement for the current fiscal year and it is related in the debt footnotes below if applicable.

GASB No. 84 Fiduciary Activities is effective for years beginning after December 15, 2020. The Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for fiduciary activities though defining specific criteria on the types of fiduciary activities that includes fiduciary component units and fiduciary activities. The criteria specifically defined in the statement determine the reporting of the fiduciary activities that include pension trust funds, private purpose trust funds, investment trust funds, and custodial funds (previously reported as agency funds). At Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position required for all of the fiduciary activities previously mentioned above. The Town has implemented this pronouncement in the current fiscal year.

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Financial Reporting Entity

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Town complies with the provisions of GASB statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, and includes all component units of which the Town appointed a voting majority of the component unit's board; the Town is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden In addition, the Town complies with GASB statement No. 39 relationship exists. Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units which relates to organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the Town.

Primary Government

The Town is a political subdivision of the State of Montana governed by an elected Mayor and Council duly elected by the registered voters of the Town. The Town is considered a primary government because it is a general-purpose local government. Further, it meets the following criteria; (a) it has a separately elected governing body (b) it is legally separate and (c) it is fiscally independent from the State and other local governments.

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose government body is the same or substantially the same as the Town, the component unit provides services entirely to the Town, or the component unit is organized as a not-for-profit corporation in which the Town is the sole corporate member identified in the component unit's articles of incorporation or bylaws. These component units' funds are blended into those of the Town's by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation. The Town has the following Blended Component Units:

Benefactors of the Twin Bridges Library was created as a not-for-profit corporation, 501(c)3, to expand library services in and around Twin Bridges, education opportunities, sponsor various programs promoting reading and other matter, and promote the Town library to local community. The organization was created for the sole purpose of supporting the Twin Bridges Library, and has been determined to be a blended component unit for this purpose. It was determined the activities if excluded would not be a fair representation of the Towns financial position.

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Basis of Presentation

The Government-wide Financial Statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole and its component units. They include all funds of the Town except fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Eliminations have been made in the consolidation of business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities for the Town at year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. The Town does not charge indirect expenses to programs or functions. The types of transactions reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all property taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB 34 in regards to inter-fund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The Town generally applies restricted resources to expenses incurred before using unrestricted resources when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Fund Financial Statements

Basis of Presentation

Fund financial statements of the reporting Town are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Funds are organized into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. Each major fund is displayed in a separate column in the governmental funds statements. All of the remaining funds are aggregated and reported in a single column as non-major funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets combined with deferred outflows of resources, liabilities combined with deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets combined with deferred outflows of resources, liabilities combined with deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise funds are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Governmental Funds

Modified Accrual

All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town defined the length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements as collection within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for property taxes and other state grants that are recognized upon receipt.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds and proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Major Funds:

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the Town's primary operating fund and it accounts for all financial resources of the Town except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Library Fund – A special revenue that is used to account for the Madison County levy supporting the Town library, and the costs to operate the library. This fund includes the blended component unit, the Benefactors of the Twin Bridges Library.

Storm Drainage District #1 Fund – A special revenue fund that is used to account \$600,000 bond anticipation notes and special assessment bonds used to fund the construction of Town storm water infrastructure.

Proprietary Funds:

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connections with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Major Funds:

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – An enterprise fund that accounts for the activities of the Town's water distribution operations.

Sewer Fund – An enterprise fund that accounts for the activities of the Town's sewer collection and treatment operations and includes the storm sewer system.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting (except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans and certain postemployment healthcare plans). The required financial statements are a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The fiduciary funds are:

Agency Funds – To report resources held by the reporting government in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). This fund primarily consists of assets held by the Town as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other local governmental entities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Custodial Funds – To report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in any of the other fiduciary categories in which the resources held by the Town in a custodial capacity. This fund primarily consist reporting of resources held by the Town as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other local governmental entities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Composition

Composition of cash, deposits and investments at fair value on June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, are as follows:

		Primary		Primary
		Government		Government
		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2021
Cash on hand and deposits:				
Cash on hand				
Petty Cash	\$	250	\$	250
Cash in banks:				
Demand deposits		566,224		718,999
Savings deposits		54,227		55,693
Time deposits	_	140,029	_	140,416
Total	\$	760,730	\$	915,358
	-		-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Credit Risk

As a means of limiting exposure to credit risk, the Town is required to follow specific state statutes adding security to the deposits and investments. Below are the legal provisions provided in the state Montana Code Annotated (MCA).

Section 7-6-202, MCA, limits investments of public money of a local government in the following eligible securities:

- (a) United States government treasury bills, notes and bonds and in the United States treasury obligations, such as state and local government series (SLGLS), separate trading of registered interest and principal of securities (STRIPS), or similar United States treasury obligations;
- (b) United States treasury receipts in a form evidencing the holder's ownership of future interest or principal payments on specific United States treasury obligations that, in the absence of payment default by the United States, are held in a special custody account by an independent trust company in a certificate or book entry form with the federal reserve bank of New York; or
- (c) Obligations of the following agencies of the United States, subject to the limitations in subsection 2 (not included):
 - (i) federal home loan bank;
 - (ii) federal national mortgage association;
 - (iii) federal home mortgage corporation; and
 - (iv) federal farm credit bank.

With the exception of the assets of a local government group self-insurance program, investments may not have a maturity date exceeding 5 years except when the investment is used in an escrow account to refund an outstanding bond issue in advance.

Section 7-6-205 and Section 7-6-206, MCA, state that demand deposits may be placed only in banks and public money not necessary for immediate use by a county, city, or town that is not invested as authorized in Section 7-6-202, MCA, may be placed in time or savings deposits with a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union in the state or placed in repurchase agreements as authorized in Section 7-6-213, MCA.

The government has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

The government has no investments that require credit risk disclosure.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk other than that required by state statutes. All deposits are carried at cost plus accrued interest. As of June 30, 2021, the government's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

		June 30, 2020 <u>Balance</u>		June 30, 2021 Balance
Depository Account				
Insured	\$	451,860	\$	448,137
- Collateral held by the pledging bank's trust				
department but not in the County's name		185,237		316,903
- Uninsured and Uncollateralized deposits	_	113,310	_	149,572
Total deposits and investments	\$	750,407	\$	914,612

Deposit Security

Section 7-6-207, MCA, states (1) The local governing body may require security only for that portion of the deposits which is not guaranteed or insured according to law and, as to such unguaranteed or uninsured portion, to the extent of:

- (a) 50% of such deposits if the institution in which the deposit is made has a net worth of total assets ratio of 6% or more; or
- (b) 100% if the institution in which the deposit is made has a net worth of total assets ratio of less than 6%.

The amount of collateral held for Town deposits at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, equaled or exceeded the amount required by State statutes.

NOTE 3. RESTRICTED CASH/INVESTMENTS

The following restricted cash/investments were held by the Town as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021. These amounts are reported within the cash/investment account on the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Description</u>	June	30, 2020	Jun	e 30, 2021
		<u>A</u>	mount	<u> </u>	<u>Amount</u>
Sewer	Reserve for debt payments	\$	33,024	\$	37,152
Sewer	Short lived asset replacement reserve		41,500		41,500
		\$	<u>74,524</u>	\$	78,652

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Tax Receivables

Property tax levies are set in August, after the County Assessor delivers the taxable valuation information to the County, in connection with the budget process and are based on taxable values listed as of January 1 for all property located in the Entity. Taxable values are established by the Montana Department of Revenue, and a revaluation of all property is required to be completed on a periodic basis. Taxable value is defined by Montana statute as a fixed percentage of market value.

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Real property (and certain attached personal property) taxes are billed within ten days after the third Monday in October and are due in equal installments on November 30 and the following May 31. After those dates, they become delinquent (and a lien upon the property). After three years, the County may exercise the lien and take title to the property. Special assessments are either billed in one installment due November 30 or two equal installments due November 30 and the following May 31. Personal property taxes (other than those billed with real estate) are generally billed no later than the second Monday in July (normally in May or June), based on the prior November's levies. Personal property taxes, other than mobile homes, are due thirty days after billing. Mobile home taxes are billed in two halves, the first due thirty days after billing; the second due September 30. The tax billings are considered past due after the respective due dates and are subject to penalty and interest charges.

Taxes that become delinquent are charged interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% a month plus a penalty of 2%. Real property on which taxes remain delinquent and unpaid may be sold at tax sales. In the case of personal property, the property is to be seized and sold after the taxes become delinquent.

An allowance for uncollectible accounts was not maintained for real and personal property taxes receivable. The direct write-off method is used for these accounts.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The Town's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Town policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair market value when received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings	20 - 50 years
Improvements	10-25 years
Equipment	5-30 years
Infrastructure	50 - 65 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

A summary of changes in governmental capital assets was as follows for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

Governmental activities:

		Balance		Balance		
		July 1, 2019		June 30, 2020		
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	81,243	\$	-	\$	81,243
Construction in progress		65,417		273,436		338,853
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	146,660	\$	273,436	\$	420,096
Other capital assets:					-	
Buildings	\$	357,597	\$	-	\$	357,597
Improvements other than buildings		212,201		-		212,201
Machinery and equipment		73,522		-		73,522
Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$	643,320	\$		\$	643,320
Less: accumulated depreciation		(528,989)		(10,288)		(539,277)
Total	\$_	260,991	\$_	263,148	\$	524,139

Governmental activities depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	89
Public safety		1,920
Public works		2,778
Culture and recreation	_	5,501
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$	10,288

A summary of changes in business-type capital assets was as follows for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

Business-type activities:

		Balance July 1, 2019		Additions		<u>Transfers</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2020</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	48,288	\$	-	\$	- \$	48,288
Construction in progress	_	353,893		147,287		(320,357)	180,823
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	402,181	\$	147,287	\$	(320,357) \$	229,111
Other capital assets:			•		_		
Improvements other than buildings	\$	4,767,009	\$	-	\$	320,357 \$	5,087,366
Machinery and equipment	_	74,241	_	_		-	74,241
Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$	4,841,250	\$	-	\$	320,357 \$	5,161,607
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(1,549,793)	_	(122,462)		_	(1,672,255)
Total	\$ _	3,693,638	\$	24,825	\$_	\$	3,718,463

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

A summary of changes in governmental capital assets was as follows for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Governmental activities:

		Balance				•	Balance
		July 1, 2020		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Transfers</u>	June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	81,243	\$	-	\$	- \$	81,243
Construction in progress		338,853	_	722,125	_	(842,141)	218,837
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	420,096	\$	722,125	\$_	(842,141) \$	300,080
Other capital assets:					_		
Buildings	\$	357,597	\$	38,746	\$	95,476 \$	491,819
Improvements other than buildings		212,201		-		746,665	958,866
Machinery and equipment		73,522		28,017		-	101,539
Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$	643,320	\$	66,763	\$	842,141 \$	1,552,224
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(539,277)	_	(42,837)			(582,114)
Total	\$_	524,139	\$	746,051	\$_	\$	1,270,190

Governmental activities depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	88
Public safety		32,892
Public works		1,920
Culture and recreation	_	7,937
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$_	42,837

A summary of changes in business-type capital assets was as follows for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Business-type activities:

		Balance				Balance
		July 1, 2020		Additions	Restatements	June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	48,288	\$	-	\$ - \$	48,288
Construction in progress		180,823		1,446	(182,269)	_
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	229,111	\$	1,446	\$ (182,269) \$	48,288
Other capital assets:	_		_			
Improvements other than buildings	\$	5,087,366	\$	-	\$ 182,269 \$	5,269,635
Machinery and equipment		74,241		27,046	-	101,287
Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$	5,161,607	\$	27,046	\$ 182,269 \$	5,370,922
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(1,672,255)	_	(127,869)	-	(1,800,124)
Total	\$_	3,718,463	\$_	(99,377)	\$ \$	3,619,086

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

NOTE 6. LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

In the governmental-wide and proprietary financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond issuance costs, bond discounts or premiums, are expensed at the date of sale.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

Changes in Long-Term Debt Liabilities - During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term debt:

Governmental Activities:

		Balance				Balance		Due Within		
	<u>Ju</u>	July 1, 2019 Additions				June 30, 2020		One Year		
Bond anticipation note	\$	13,580	\$	129,602	\$	143,182	\$	_		
Intercap loans		-		63,334		63,334		5,929		
Compensated absences		7,854	_	944	_	8,798		6,710		
Total	\$	21,434	\$	193,880	\$	215,314	\$ [12,639		

In prior years the general fund was used to liquidate compensated absences and claims and judgments.

Business-type Activities:

		Balance					Balance	Due Within
	<u>J</u>	uly 1, 2019		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2020	One Year
Revenue bonds	\$	880,363	\$	-	\$	(19,021) \$	861,342 \$	19,405
Intercap loans		-		126,666		-	126,666	11,856
Compensated absences		12,220		1,812		_	14,032	9,722
Total	\$	892,583	\$_	128,478	\$_	(19,021) \$	1,002,040 \$	40,983

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Changes in Long-Term Debt Liabilities - During the year ended June 30, 2021, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term debt:

Governmental Activities:

		Balance			Balance	Due Within
		July 1, 2020	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2021	One Year
Bonds anticipation note	\$	143,182	\$ 85,299	\$ - \$	228,481 \$	228,481
Intercap loans		63,334	_	(5,928)	57,406	6,009
Loans/ Concentrated debt from direct borrowings			14,431	-	14,431	2,886
Compensated absences		8,798	-	 (673)	8,125	5,972
Total	\$_	215,314	\$ 99,730	\$ (6,601) \$	308,443 \$	243,348

In prior years the general fund was used to liquidate compensated absences and claims and judgments.

Business-type Activities:

	Balance					Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2020		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2021	One Year
Revenue bonds	\$ 861,342	\$	-	\$	(17,595) \$	843,747 \$	19,797
Intercap loans	126,666		_		(11,856)	114,810	12,018
Loans/ Concentrated debt from direct borrowings	-		21,646		-	21,646	4,329
Compensated absences	14,032	_	-	_	(1,220)	12,812	8,758
Total	\$ 1,002,040	\$	21,646	\$	(30,671) \$	993,015 \$	44,902

Revenue Bonds - The Town also issues bonds where the Town pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding, at year-end were as follows:

	Origination	Interest	Bond	Maturity	Bonds	Annual	Balance	Balance
<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Date</u>	Rate	<u>Term</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Payment	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
FY12 RD Loan								
Refinancing	5/23/12	2.00%	40yrs	5/23/52	\$ <u>1,000,000</u>	Varies	\$ <u>861,342</u>	\$ <u>843,747</u>

Revenue bond resolutions include various restrictive covenants. The more significant covenants 1) require that cash be restricted and reserved for operations, construction, debt service, and replacement and depreciation; 2) specify minimum required operating revenue; and 3) specific and timely reporting of financial information to bond holders and the registrar. The most significant covenants are summarized in detail below:

1) The Town is to maintain a reserve account for the outstanding USDA Sewer revenue bonds. The Town is required to accumulate ten percent of the monthly payment over the life of the bond until reserve equals annual installment amount. Ten percent of the monthly bond installments is equal to \$344. As of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 the Town had properly accumulated the required reserves for these years and were in compliance with requirement. The total reserves held for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2021 were equal to \$33,024 and \$37,152.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

2) The Town is to maintain a fully funded short lived asset replacement reserve for the USDA Sewer revenue bonds. This funded reserve is required to equal \$41,500. The Town held reserves equal to the requirement amount for both fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 and was in compliance.

Annual requirement to amortize debt for fiscal year June 30, 2020:

For Fiscal				
Year Ended		Principal		Interest
2021	\$	19,405	\$	16,955
2022		19,797		16,563
2023		20,197		16,163
2024		20,604		15,756
2025		21,020		15,340
2026		21,444		14,916
2027		21,877		14,483
2028		22,319		14,041
2029		22,769		13,591
2030		23,229		13,131
2031		23,698		12,662
2032		24,176		12,184
2033		24,664		11,696
2034		25,162		11,198
2035		25,670		10,690
2036		26,188		10,172
2037		26,716		9,644
2038		27,256		9,104
2039		27,806		8,554
2040		28,367		7,993
2041		28,940		7,420
2042		29,524		6,836
2043		30,120		6,240
2044		30,728		5,632
2045		31,348		5,012
2046		31,981		4,379
2047		32,626		3,734
2048		33,285		3,075
2049		33,957		2,403
2050		34,642		1,718
2051		35,341		1,019
2052	_	36,486		308
Total	\$_	861,342	\$_	302,612

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Annual requirement to amortize debt for fiscal year June 30, 2021:

For Fiscal				
Year Ended		Principal		<u>Interest</u>
2022	\$	19,797	\$	16,563
2023		20,197		16,163
2024		20,604		15,756
2025		21,020		15,340
2026		21,444		14,916
2027		21,877		14,483
2028		22,319		14,041
2029		22,769		13,591
2030		23,229		13,131
2031		23,698		12,662
2032		24,176		12,184
2033		24,664		11,696
2034		25,162		11,198
2035		25,670		10,690
2036		26,188		10,172
2037		26,716		9,644
2038		27,256		9,104
2039		27,806		8,554
2040		28,367		7,993
2041		28,940		7,420
2042		29,524		6,836
2043		30,120		6,240
2044		30,728		5,632
2045		31,348		5,012
2046		31,981		4,379
2047		32,626		3,734
2048		33,285		3,075
2049		33,957		2,403
2050		34,642		1,718
2051		35,341		1,019
2052	_	38,296	_	308
Total	\$_	843,747	\$_	285,657

Loans/Contracted Debt

Loans/contracted debts outstanding as of June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Origination	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Annual	Bala	ance
<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Date</u>	Rate	<u>Term</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Issued</u>	Payment	June 3	0, 2021
John Deer 3039 R Compact						•		
Utility Tractor with Blades (1)	3/8/21	0.00%	5yrs	3/8/26	\$14,431	Varies	\$	14,431

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

John Deer 3039 R Compact

Utility Tractor with Blades (2) 3/8/21 0.00% 5yrs 3/8/26 <u>10,823</u> Varies <u>21,646</u>

\$<u>36,077</u>

36,077

Total
(1) Reported in the governmental activities.

(2) Reported in business-type activities.

Annual requirement to amortize debt:

For Fiscal		
Year Ended		Principal
2022	\$	7,215
2023		7,216
2024		7,215
2025		7,216
2026	_	7,215
Total	\$	36,077

Intercap Loans

Intercap loans have variable interest rates. Interest rates are subject to change annually. Interest rates to the borrower are adjusted on February 16th of each year and are based on a spread over the interest paid on one-year term, tax-exempt bonds which are sold to fund the loans.

Intercap loans outstanding as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Purpose	Origination <u>Date</u>	Interest Rate	<u>Term</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Amount</u>	Annual Payment	Balance e 30, 2020	Balance e 30, 2021
Town Shop (split with General Fund, Water & Sewer) (1)	11/2/18	1.00- 3.37%	9yrs	8/15/29	\$63,333	Varies	\$ 63,334	\$ 57,406
Town Shop (split with General Fund, Water & Sewer) (2)	11/2/18	1.00- 3.37%	9yrs	8/15/29	\$ 63,333	Varies	63,333	114,810
Total	:		- ,		\$ <u>189,999</u>		\$ 190,000	\$ 172,216

⁽¹⁾ Reported in the governmental activities.

⁽²⁾ Reported in business-type activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Annual requirement to amortize debt for fiscal year June 30, 2020:

For Fiscal			
Year Ended		Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$	17,785	\$ 3,134
2022		18,027	4,305
2023		18,595	3,855
2024		19,180	3,390
2025		19,784	2,910
2026		20,408	2,416
2027		21,052	1,906
2028		21,715	1,379
2029		22,401	836
2030	_	11,053	276
Total	\$	190,000	\$ 24,407

Annual requirement to amortize debt for fiscal year June 30, 2021:

For Fiscal		
Year Ended	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2022	\$ 18,027	\$ 3,037
2023	18,595	2,544
2024	19,180	2,237
2025	19,784	1,921
2026	20,408	1,594
2027	21,052	1,258
2028	21,715	910
2029	22,401	552
2030	11,054	 182
Total	\$ 172,216	\$ 14,235

Bond Anticipation Note - The Town obtained a bond anticipation note from direct borrowings for their storm water improvement district project. Bond anticipation note debt outstanding as of June 30, 2021 was as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Origination <u>Date</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	<u>Term</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Amount</u>	Annual <u>Payment</u>	Balance June 30, 2020	Balance June 30, 2021
Storm Water SID								
series 2019R-1	5/29/19	1.75%	2.5yrs	1/1/22	\$250,000	Varies	\$143,182	\$228,481
Ren	orted in the gove	rnmental ac	tivities					

Annual requirement to amortize debt for fiscal year June 30, 2020:

For Fiscal		
Year Ended	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2022	\$ 143,182	\$ 6,473
Total	\$ 143,182	\$ 6,473

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Annual requirement to amortize debt for fiscal year June 30, 2021:

For Fiscal			
Year Ended	Principal		<u>Interest</u>
2022	\$ 228,481	\$_	9,458
Total	\$ 228,481	\$ -	9,458

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid for time off earned for time during employment, such as earned vacation and sick leave. It is the Town's policy and state law to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation benefits, which will be paid to employees upon separation from Town service. Employees are allowed to accumulate and carry over a maximum of two times their annual accumulation of vacation, but the excess cannot be carried forward more than 90 days into the new calendar year. There is no restriction on the amount of sick leave that may be accumulated. Upon separation, employees are paid 100 percent of accumulated vacation and 25 percent of accumulated sick leave. The liability associated with governmental fund-type employees is reported in the governmental activities, while the liability associated with proprietary fund-type employees is recorded in the business-type activities/respective proprietary fund.

NOTE 7. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description. The healthcare plan provides for, as required by section 2-18-704, MCA, employees with at least 5 years of service and who are at least age 50, along with surviving spouses and dependents, to stay on the government's health care plan as long as they pay the same premium. This creates a defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (OPEB); since retirees are usually older than the average age of the plan participants, they receive a benefit of lower insurance rates. The OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Town. The government has not created a trust to accumulate assets to assist in covering the defined benefit plan costs, and covers these when they come due. The government has less than 100 plan members and thus qualifies to use the "Alternative Measurement Method" for calculating the liability. The above described OPEB plan does not provide a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits Provided. The government provides healthcare insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents upon reaching the age and service years defined in section 2-18-704, MCA. The benefit terms require that eligible retirees cover 100 percent of the health insurance premiums, but may pay the same premiums as the other members in the group health plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	4
Total employees	4

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$43,075 at June 30, 2020, was determined by using the alternative measurement method. The measurement date of the determined liability was June 30, 2020.

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$45,296 at June 30, 2021, was determined by using the alternative measurement method. The measurement date of the determined liability was June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions and other input. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 alternative measurement method was determined using the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Average age of retirement (based on historical data)	59.8
Discount rate (average anticipated rate)	2.53%
Average salary increase (Consumer Price Index)	4.00%
Health care cost rate trend (Federal Office of the Actuary)	

Years	% Increase
2020-2021	7.98%
2021-2022	6.50%
2022-2023	6.00%
2023-2024	5.90%
2024-2025	5.70%
2025-2026	5.60%
2026-2027	5.50%
2027-2028	5.30%
2028-2045	5.20%
2045-2046	5.10%
2046-2048	5.00%
2048-2051	4.90%
2051-2055	4.80%
2055-2060	4.70%
2060-2067	4.60%
2067-2068	4.50%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

2068-2069	4.40%
2069-2070	4.30%
2070-2072	4.20%
2072-2073	4.10%
2073-2075	4.00%
2075-2076	3.90%
2076+	3.80%

Actuarial assumptions and other input. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 alternative measurement method was determined using the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Average age of retirement (based on historical data)	60.0
Discount rate (average anticipated rate)	2.27%
Average salary increase (Consumer Price Index)	4.00%
TT 1.1	

Health care cost rate trend (Federal Office of the Actuary)

<u>Years</u>	<u>% Increase</u>
2021-2022	0.00%
2022-2023	6.50%
2023-2024	6.00%
2024-2025	5.90%
2025-2026	5.70%
2026-2027	5.60%
2027-2028	5.50%
2028-2029	5.30%
2029-2046	5.20%
2046-2047	5.10%
2047-2049	5.00%
2049-2052	4.90%
2052-2056	4.80%
2056-2061	4.70%
2061-2068	4.60%
2068-2069	4.50%
2069-2070	4.40%
2070-2071	4.30%
2071-2073	4.20%
2073-2074	4.10%
2074-2076	4.00%
2076-2077	3.90%
2077+	3.80%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

The discount rate was based on the 20-year General obligation (GO) bond index.

The turnover rates were determined from the periodic experience studies of the Montana public retirement systems for the covered groups as documented in the GASB 68 actuarial valuations.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2020	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2021
Balance at	\$	40,702	\$	43,075
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	\$	1,501	\$	2,899
Interest		1,068		-
Differences in experience		1,179		-
Change in assumptions		(624)		-
Benefit payments		(769)		(678)
Net Changes	\$	2,355	\$	2,221
Balance at yearend	\$	43,075	\$	<u>45,296</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following summarizes the total OPEB liability reported, and how that liability would change if the discount rate used to calculate the OPEB liability were to decrease or increase 1%:

Fiscal	vear	ended	June	30.	2020
1 10001	J - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C -		o care	-	_0_0

•	1% Decrease 1.53%		Discount Rate 2.53%		1% Increase 3.53%	
Total OPEB liability	\$	48,389	\$	43,075	\$	38,532
Fiscal year ended June 30, 2021						
	1%	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	19	% Increase
	1.27%		2.27%		3.27%	
Total OPEB liability	\$	50,599	\$	45,296	\$	40,707

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following summarizes the total OPEB liability reported, and how that liability would change if the healthcare trend rates used in projecting the benefit payments were to decrease or increase 1%:

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Healthcare Cost				
	1% Decrease*	Trends*	1% Increase*		
Total OPEB liability	\$37,285	\$43,075	\$50,061		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

	Healthcare Cost				
	1% Decrease*	Trends*	1% Increase*		
Total OPEB liability	\$39,681	\$45,296	\$52,009		

^{*}Reference the assumptions footnotes to determine the healthcare cost trends used to calculate the OPEB liability.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, the Town recognized an OPEB expense of \$2,355 and \$2,221.

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resourced related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 791	\$ -
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,202	-
Total	\$ 1,993	\$ -

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Amount recognized in
		OPEB Expense as an
OPEB: Year ended		increase or (decrease) to
June 30:		OPEB Expense
2021	\$	1,993
2022	\$	-
2023	\$	_
2024	\$	-
Thereafter	_\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Due to/from other funds

<u>Purpose</u>	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
		Storm drainage District #1	
Cover negative cash balance	General – Major Governmental	 Nonmajor Governmental 	\$11.346

Interfund Transfers

The following is an analysis of operating transfers in and out during fiscal year 2020:

<u>Purpose</u> Operating transfer to support	Receivable Fund Gas Tax – Nonmajor	<u>Payable Fund</u> General – Major	Am	nount
street maintenance	Governmental	Governmental	\$	634
Operating transfer to support street maintenance	Gas Tax - Nonmajor Governmental	Capital projects – Nonmajor Governmental		634
Operating transfer to fund future capital improvements	Library Capital Improvements – Nonmajor Governmental	Library – Nonmajor Governmental	10	0,000
			\$11	,268

Interfund Transfers

The following is an analysis of operating transfers in and out during fiscal year 2021:

Purpose Operating transfer to support	Receivable Fund Gas Tax – Nonmajor	Payable Fund General – Major	Amount		
street maintenance	Governmental	Governmental	\$	309	
Operating transfer to support street maintenance	Gas Tax - Nonmajor Governmental	Capital projects – Nonmajor Governmental	<u>.</u>	308	
Operating transfer to fund future capital improvements	Library Capital Improvements – Nonmajor Governmental	Library – Nonmajor Governmental	_5,(<u>000</u>	
			\$ 56	617	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

NOTE 9. NET PENSION LIABILITY

As of June 30, 2020, the City/Town reported the following balances as its proportionate share of PERS pension amounts:

	 PERS
Net Pension Liability	\$ 189,392
Deferred outflows of resources*	\$ 33,458
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 25,300
Pension expense	\$ 29,521

^{*}Deferred outflows for PERS are reported as of the reporting date which includes employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$14,141 respectively. These amounts will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Total deferred inflows and outflows in the remainder of the note are as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

The following are the detailed disclosures for each retirement plan as required by GASB 68.

Public Employee's Retirement System - Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA) prepared financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The same accrual basis was used by MPERA for the purposes of determining the NPL; Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions; Pension Expense; the Fiduciary Net Position; and, Additions to or Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting period in which they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Investments are reported at fair value. MPERA adhered to all accounting principles generally accepted by the United States of America. MPERA applied all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Plan Descriptions

The PERS-Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (PERS) administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan established July 1, 1945, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, Montana Code Annotated (MCA). This plan provides retirement benefits to covered employees of the State, local governments, certain employees of the Montana University System, and school districts.

All new members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-DCRP by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the *defined contribution* and *defined benefit* retirement plans. For members that choose to join the PERS-DCRP, a percentage of the employer contributions will be used to pay down the liability of the PERS-DBRP. All new members from the universities also have third option to join the university system's Montana University System Retirement Program (MUS-RP).

The PERS-DBRP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature.

Summary of Benefits

Service retirement:

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011:
 - o Age 60, 5 years of membership service;
 - o Age 65, regardless of membership service; or
 - o Any age, 30 years of membership service.
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011:
 - o Age 65, 5 years of membership service;
 - o Age 70, regardless of membership service.

Early Retirement (actuarially reduced):

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011:
 - o Age 50, 5 years of membership service; or
 - o Any age, 25 years of membership service.
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011:
 - o Age 55, 5 years of membership service.

Second Retirement (requires returning to PERS-covered employer or PERS service):

- 1) Retire before January 1, 2016 and accumulate less than 2 years additional service credit or retire on or after January 1, 2016 and accumulate less than 5 years additional service credit:
 - a. A refund of member's contributions plus return interest (currently .77% effective July 1, 2017).
 - b. No service credit for second employment;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

- c. Start the same benefit amount the month following termination; and
- d. Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) starts again in the January immediately following the second retirement.
- 2) Retire before January 1, 2016 and accumulate at least 2 years of additional service credit:
 - a. A recalculated retirement benefit based on provisions in effect after the initial retirement; and
 - b. GABA starts on the recalculated benefit in the January after receiving the new benefit for 12 months.
- 3) Retire on or after January 1, 2016 and accumulate 5 or more years of service credit:
 - a. The same retirement as prior to the return to service;
 - b. A second retirement benefit as prior to the second period of service based on laws in effect upon the rehire date; and
 - c. GABA starts on both benefits in the January after receiving the original and the new benefit for 12 months.

Vesting

• 5 years of membership service

Member's highest average compensation (HAC)

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011- highest average compensation during any consecutive 36 months;
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011-highest average compensation during any consecutive 60 months;

Compensation Cap

• Hired on or after July 1, 2013-110% annual cap on compensation considered as a part of a member's highest average compensation.

Monthly benefit formula

Members hired prior to July 1, 2011:

- Less than 25 years of membership service: 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 25 years of membership service or more: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

Members hired on or after July 1, 2011:

- Less than 10 years of membership service: 1.5% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 10 years or more, but less than 30 years of membership service: 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 30 years or more of membership service: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- 3.0% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- 1.5% for members hired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2013
- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
 - 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
 - 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
 - 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more

Contributions

The state Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contributions rates. Member and employer contribution rates are specified by Montana Statute and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers.

Special Funding: The state of Montana, as the non-employer contributing entity, paid to the Plan, additional contributions that qualify as special funding. Those employers who received special funding are all participating employers.

Not Special Funding: Per Montana law, state agencies and universities paid their own additional contributions. The employer paid contributions are not accounted for as special funding state agencies and universities but are reported as employer contributions.

Member and employer contribution rates are shown in the table below.

	<u>Member</u>		Local Gov	vernment
Fiscal Year	Hired<07/01/11	Hired>07/01/11	Employer	<u>State</u>
2020	7.900%	7.900%	8.670%	0.100%
2019	7.900%	7.900%	8.570%	0.100%
2018	7.900%	7.900%	8.470%	0.100%
2017	7.900%	7.900%	8.370%	0.100%
2016	7.900%	7.900%	8.270%	0.100%
2015	7.900%	7.900%	8.170%	0.100%
2014	7.900%	7.900%	8.070%	0.100%
2012-2013	6.900%	7.900%	7.070%	0.100%
2010-2011	6.900%		7.070%	0.100%
2008-2009	6.900%		6.935%	0.100%
2000-2007	6.900%		6.800%	0.100%

1. Rates are specified by state law and are a percentage of the member's compensation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

- a. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers;
- b. The State legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates to the plan.
- 2. Member contributions to the system:
 - a. Plan members are required to contribute 7.90% of member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers.
 - b. The 7.90% member contributions is temporary and will be decreased to 6.9% on January 1 following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contribution rates.
- 3. Employer contributions to the system:
 - a. Effective July 1, 2014, following the 2013 Legislative session, PERS-employer contributions increase an additional 0.1% a year and will continue over 10 years through 2024. The additional employer contributions including the 0.27% added in 2007 and 2009, will terminate on January 1 following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below the 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contributions rates.
 - b. Effective July 1, 2013, employers are required to make contributions on working retirees' compensation. Member contributions for working retirees are not required.
- 4. Non-Employer Contributions
 - a. Special Funding
 - i. The State contributes 0.1% of members' compensation on behalf of local government entities.
 - ii. The State contributes 0.37% of members' compensation on behalf of school district entities.
 - iii. The State contributed a statutory appropriation from its General Fund of \$33,454,182.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

GASB Statement 68 allows a measurement date of up to 12 months before the employer's fiscal year-end can be utilized to determine the Plan's TPL. The basis for the TPL as of June 30, 2019, was determined by taking the results of the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation and applying standard roll forward procedures. The roll forward procedure uses a calculation that adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. The roll forward procedure will include the effects of any assumption changes and legislative changes. The update procedures are in conformity with Actuarial Standards and Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

The Total Pension Liability (TPL minus the Fiduciary Net Position equals the Net Pension Liability (NPL). The proportionate shares of the employer's and the state of Montana NPLS for June 30, 2020, and 2019 the reporting periods, are displayed below. The Town proportionate share equals the ratio of the employer's contributions to the sum of all employer and non-employer contributions during the measurement period. The state's proportionate share for a particular employer equals the ratio of the contributions for the particular employer to the total state contributions paid. The Town recorded a liability of \$189,392 and the Town's proportionate share was 0.009060 percent.

	-	Net Pension Liability as of 6/30/2020	Net Pension Liability as of 6/30/2019	Percent of Collective NPL as of 6/30/2020	Percent of Collective NPL as of 6/30/2019	Change in Percent of Collective NPL
Employer Proportionate Share	\$	189,392 \$	183,388	0.009060%	0.008787%	-0.000068%
State of Montana Proportionate Share associated with Employer		612,412	61,145	0.002938%	0.002930%	-0.000730%
Total	\$ _	801,804 \$	244,533	0.011998%	0.011717%	-0.000798%

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods:

There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the total pension liability.

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

Changes in proportionate share:

Between the measurement date of the collective NPL and the employer's reporting date there were some changes in proportion that may have an effect on the employer's proportionate share of the collective NPL.

Pension Expense:

At June 30, 2020, the Town recognized a Pension Expense of \$25,352 for its proportionate share of the pension expense. The Town also recognized grant revenue of \$140 for the support provided by the State of Montana for its proportionate share of the pension expense that is associated with the Town. Additionally, the Town recognized grant revenue of \$4,030 from the State Statutory Appropriation from the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

		Pension Expense	Pension Expense
		as of 6/30/20	 as of 6/30/19
Employer Proportionate Share	\$	25,352	\$ 25,174
State of Montana Proportionate Share associated with the Employer		140	4,081
State of Montana State Appropriation for the Employer	_	4,030	-
Total	\$	29,522	\$ 29,255

Recognition of Beginning Deferred Outflow

At June 30, 2020, the Town recognized a beginning deferred outflow of resources for the employer's fiscal year 2019 contributions of \$12,787.

Recognition of Deferred Inflows and Outflows:

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported its proportionate share of the Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 8,981 \$	8,912
Actual vs. Expected Investment Earnings	2,296	-
Changes in Assumptions	8,040	-
Changes in Proportion Share and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	-	16,388
Employer contributions sunsequent to the measurement date - FY20*	14,141	-
Total	\$ 33,458 \$	25,300

^{*}Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Recognition of Deferred Outflows		
		and Deferred Inflows in Future years		
For the Measurement	as an increase or (decrease) to			
Year ended June 30:		Pension Expense		
2020	\$	4,921		
2021	\$	(12,464)		
2022	\$	854		
2023	\$	2,061		
Thereafter	\$	-		

Actuarial Assumptions

The TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined by taking the results of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, and was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

•	Investment Return (net of admin expense)	7.65%
•	Admin Expense as % of Payroll	0.26%
•	General Wage Growth*	3.50%
	*includes Inflation at	2.75%
•	Merit Increases	0% to 6.3%

• Postretirement Benefit Increase Below:

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage each January, Inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- 1.5% for members hired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2014
- Member hired on or after July 1, 2013:
 - 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
 - 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
 - 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.
- Mortality assumptions among contributing members, service retired members and beneficiaries based on RP 2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with scale BB, males set back 1 year.
- Mortality assumptions among Disabled members are based on RP 2000 Combined Mortality Tables with no projections.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

The most recent experience study, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2011 through 2016, is outlined in a reported dated May 5, 2017 and can be located on the MPERA website. The long-term expected return on pension plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared for the Plan. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption. Including historical rates of return, rate of return assumptions adopted by similar public-sector systems, and by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflations) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return Arithmetic Basis
Cash Equivalents	3.0%	4.09%
Domestic Equity	36.0%	6.05%
Foreign Equity	18.0%	7.01%
Fixed Income	23.0%	2.17%
Private Equity	12.0%	10.53%
Real Estate	<u>8.0%</u>	5.65%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.65%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities would be made based on the Board's funding policy, which established the contractually required rates under the Montana Code Annotated. The state contributed 0.10% of the salaries paid by local governments and 0.37% paid by school districts. In addition, the state contributed coal severance tax and interest money from the general fund. The interest was contributed monthly and the severance tax was contributed quarterly. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2121. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. A municipal bond rate was not incorporated in the discount rate.

1.0% Decrease		Current		1.0% Increase	
_	(6.65%)	Discount Rate		(8.65%)	
\$	272,102	\$ 189,392	\$	119,884	

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

In accordance with GASB 68 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, the above table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower (6.65%) or 1.00% higher (8.65%) than the current rate.

PERS Disclosure for the defined contribution plan

Madison County contributed to the state of Montana Public employee Retirement System Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PERS-DCRP) for employees that have elected the DCRP. The PERS-DCRP is administered by the PERB and is reported as a multiple-employer plan established July 1, 2002, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, MCA.

All new PERS members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-DCRP by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans.

Member and employer contributions rates are specified by state law and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers. The state Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates.

Benefits are dependent upon eligibility and individual account balances. Participants are vested immediately in their own contributions and attributable income. Participants are vested after 5 years of membership service for the employer's contributions to individual accounts and the attributable income. Non-vested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment per 19-3-2117(5), MCA. Such forfeitures are used to cover the administrative expenses of the PERS-DCRP.

At the plan level for the measurement period ended June 30, 2018, the PERS-DCRP employer did not recognize any net pension liability or pension expense for the defined contribution plan. Plan level non-vested forfeitures for the 316 employers that have participants in the PERS-DCRP totaled \$746,144.

Pension plan fiduciary net position: The stand-alone financial statements (76d) of the Montana Public Employees Retirement Board (PERB) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and the GASB 68 Report disclose the Plan's fiduciary net position. The reports are available from the PERB at PO Box 200131, Helena MT 59620-0131, (406) 444-3154 or both are available on the MPERA website at http://mpera.mt.gov/index.shtml.

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

As of June 30, 2021, the City/Town reported the following balances as its proportionate share of PERS pension amounts:

	 PERS	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 254,493	
Deferred outflows of resources*	\$ 58,043	
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 8,523	
Pension expense	\$ 39,410	

^{*}Deferred outflows for PERS are reported as of the reporting date which includes employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$14,276 respectively. These amounts will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Total deferred inflows and outflows in the remainder of the note are as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

The following are the detailed disclosures for each retirement plan as required by GASB 68.

Public Employee's Retirement System – Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town's employees participate in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), MPERA prepared financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The same accrual basis was used by MPERA for the purposes of determining the NPL; Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions; Pension Expense; the Fiduciary Net Position; and Additions to, or Deductions from, Fiduciary Net Position. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting period in which they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Investments are reported at fair value. MPERA adhered to all accounting principles generally accepted by the United States of America. MPERA applied all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Plan Descriptions

The PERS-Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (PERS) administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan established July 1, 1945, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, Montana Code Annotated (MCA). This plan provides retirement benefits to covered employees of the State, local governments, certain employees of the Montana University System, and school districts.

All new members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the defined contribution retirement plan (PERS-DCRP) by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the *defined contribution* and *defined benefit* retirement plans. For members that choose to join the PERS-DCRP, a percentage of the employer contributions will be used to pay down the liability of the PERS-DBRP. All new members from the universities also have third option to join the university system's Montana University System Retirement Program (MUS-RP).

The PERS-DBRP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature.

Summary of Benefits

Service retirement:

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011:
 - o Age 60, 5 years of membership service;
 - o Age 65, regardless of membership service; or
 - o Any age, 30 years of membership service.
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011:
 - o Age 65, 5 years of membership service;
 - o Age 70, regardless of membership service.

Early Retirement (actuarially reduced):

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011:
 - o Age 50, 5 years of membership service; or
 - o Any age, 25 years of membership service.
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011:
 - o Age 55, 5 years of membership service.

Second Retirement (requires returning to PERS-covered employer or PERS service):

- 1) Retire before January 1, 2016 and accumulate less than 2 years additional service credit or retire on or after January 1, 2016 and accumulate less than 5 years additional service credit:
 - a. A refund of member's contributions plus return interest (currently 2.02% effective July 1, 2018).
 - b. No service credit for second employment;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

- c. Start the same benefit amount the month following termination; and
- d. Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) starts again in the January immediately following the second retirement.
- 2) Retire before January 1, 2016 and accumulate at least 2 years of additional service credit:
 - a. A recalculated retirement benefit based on provisions in effect after the initial retirement; and
 - b. GABA starts on the recalculated benefit in the January after receiving the new benefit for 12 months.
- 3) Retire on or after January 1, 2016 and accumulate 5 or more years of service credit:
 - a. The same retirement as prior to the return to service;
 - b. A second retirement benefit as prior to the second period of service based on laws in effect upon the rehire date; and
 - c. GABA starts on both benefits in the January after receiving the original and the new benefit for 12 months.

Vesting

• 5 years of membership service

Member's highest average compensation (HAC)

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011- highest average compensation during any consecutive 36 months;
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011-highest average compensation during any consecutive 60 months:

Compensation Cap

• Hired on or after July 1, 2013-110% annual cap on compensation considered as a part of a member's highest average compensation.

Monthly benefit formula

Members hired prior to July 1, 2011:

- Less than 25 years of membership service: 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 25 years of membership service or more: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

Members hired on or after July 1, 2011:

- Less than 10 years of membership service: 1.5% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 10 years or more, but less than 30 years of membership service: 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 30 years or more of membership service: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- 3.0% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- 1.5% for members hired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2013
- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
 - 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
 - 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
 - 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.

Contributions

The state Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contributions rates. Member and employer contribution rates are specified by Montana Statute and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers.

Special Funding: The state of Montana, as the non-employer contributing entity, paid to the Plan, additional contributions that qualify as special funding. Those employers who received special funding are all participating employers.

Not Special Funding: Per Montana law, state agencies and universities paid their own additional contributions. The employer paid contributions are not accounted for as special funding state agencies and universities but are reported as employer contributions.

Member and employer contribution rates are shown in the table below.

	<u>Mer</u>	<u>nber</u>	Local Gov	<u>ernment</u>
Fiscal Year	Hired<07/01/11	Hired>07/01/11	Employer	<u>State</u>
2021	7.900%	7.900%	8.770%	0.100%
2020	7.900%	7.900%	8.670%	0.100%
2019	7.900%	7.900%	8.570%	0.100%
2018	7.900%	7.900%	8.470%	0.100%
2017	7.900%	7.900%	8.370%	0.100%
2016	7.900%	7.900%	8.270%	0.100%
2015	7.900%	7.900%	8.170%	0.100%
2014	7.900%	7.900%	8.070%	0.100%
2012 - 2013	6.900%	7.900%	7.070%	0.100%
2010 - 2011	6.900%		7.070%	0.100%
2008 - 2009	6.900%		6.935%	0.100%
2000 - 2007	6.900%		6.800%	0.100%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

- 1. Rates are specified by state law and are a percentage of the member's compensation.
 - a. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers;
 - b. The State legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates to the plan.
- 2. Member contributions to the system:
 - a. Plan members are required to contribute 7.90% of member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers.
 - b. The 7.90% member contributions is temporary and will be decreased to 6.9% on January 1 following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contribution rates.
- 3. Employer contributions to the system:
 - a. Effective July 1, 2014, following the 2013 Legislative session, PERS-employer contributions increase an additional 0.1% a year and will continue over 10 years through 2024. The additional employer contributions including the 0.27% added in 2007 and 2009, will terminate on January 1 following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below the 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contributions rates.
 - b. Effective July 1, 2013, employers are required to make contributions on working retirees' compensation. Member contributions for working retirees are not required.
 - c. The portion of the employer contributions allocated to the Plan Choice Rate (PCR) are included in the employers reporting. The PCR was paid off effective March 2016 and the contributions previously directed to the PCR are now directed to member accounts.
- 4. Non-Employer Contributions
 - a. Special Funding
 - iv. The State contributes 0.1% of members' compensation on behalf of local government entities.
 - v. The State contributes 0.37% of members' compensation on behalf of school district entities.
 - vi. The State contributed a statutory appropriation from its General Fund of \$33,951,150.

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA OTTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

GASB Statement 68 allows a measurement date of up to 12 months before the employer's fiscal year-end can be utilized to determine the Plan's TPL. The basis for the TPL as of June 30, 2020, was determined by taking the results of the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation and applying standard roll forward procedures. The roll forward procedure uses a calculation that adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. The roll forward procedure will include the effects of any assumption changes and legislative changes. The update procedures are in conformity with Actuarial Standards and Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board.

The Total Pension Liability (TPL minus the Fiduciary Net Position equals the Net Pension Liability (NPL). The proportionate shares of the employer's and the state of Montana's NPL for June 30, 2021, and 2020 the reporting periods, are displayed below. The Town proportionate share equals the ratio of the employer's contributions to the sum of all employer and non-employer contributions during the measurement period. The state's proportionate share for a particular employer equals the ratio of the contributions for the particular employer to the total state contributions paid. The Town recorded a liability of \$254,493 and the Town's proportionate share was 0.009646 percent.

	-	Net Pension Liability as of 6/30/2021	Net Pension Liability as of 6/30/2020	Percent of Collective NPL as of 6/30/2021	Percent of Collective NPL as of 6/30/2020	Change in Percent of Collective NPL
Employer Proportionate Share	\$	254,493 \$	189,392	0.009646%	0.009060%	0.000586%
State of Montana Proportionate Share associated with Employer	_	79,860	61,412	0.003027%	0.002938%	0.000089%
Total	\$	334,353 \$	250,804	0.012673%	0.011998%	0.000675%

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods:

The following changes in assumptions or other inputs were made that affected the measurement of the TPL.

- 1. The discount rate was lowered from 7.65% to 7.34%
- 2. The investment rate of return was lowered from 7.65% to 7.34%
- 3. The inflation rate was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

Changes in proportionate share:

There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective NPL and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's proportionate share of the collective NPL. However, each employer may have unique circumstances that will impact the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension. If there were changes that are expected to have an impact on the net pension liability, the employer should disclose the amount of the expected resultant change in the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, if known.

Pension Expense:

At June 30, 2021, the Town recognized a Pension Expense of \$39,410 for its proportionate share of the pension expense. The Town also recognized grant revenue of \$13,060 for the support provided by the State of Montana for its proportionate share of the pension expense that is associated with the Town.

	Pension Expense as of 6/30/21	 Pension Expense as of 6/30/20
Employer Proportionate Share	\$ 39,410	\$ 25,352
State of Montana Proportionate Share associated with the Employer	13,060	4,169
Total	\$ 52,470	\$ 29,521

Recognition of Beginning Deferred Outflow

At June 30, 2021, the Town recognized a beginning deferred outflow of resources for the Town's fiscal year 2020 contributions of \$14,141.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Recognition of Deferred Inflows and Outflows:

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported its proportionate share of the Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	_	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 4,108	\$	7,275
Actual vs. Expected Investment Earnings	22,036		-
Changes in Assumptions	17,623		-
Changes in Proportion Share and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	-		1,248
Employer contributions sunsequent to the measurement date - FY21*	14,276		-
Total	\$ 58,043	\$=	8,523

^{*}Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date have been recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows in Future years
For the Measurement	as an increase or (decrease) to
Year ended June 30:	Pension Expense
2021	\$ 4,219
2022	\$ 17,819
2023	\$ 7,700
2024	\$ 5,506
Thereafter	\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability used to calculate the NPL was determined by taking the results of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, and was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

•	Investment Return (net of admin expense)	7.34%
•	Admin Expense as % of Payroll	0.30%
•	General Wage Growth*	3.50%
	*includes Inflation at	2.40%
•	Merit Increases	0% to 4.8%

• Postretirement Benefit Increase Below:

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage each January, Inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- 1.5% for members hired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2013
- Member hired on or after July 1, 2013:
 - 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
 - 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
 - 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.
- Mortality assumptions among contributing members, service retired members and beneficiaries based on RP 2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with scale BB, males set back 1 year.
- Mortality assumptions among Disabled members are based on RP 2000 Combined Mortality Tables with no projections.

The most recent experience study, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2011 through 2016, is outlined in a reported dated May 5, 2017 and can be located on the MPERA website. The long-term expected return on pension plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared for the Plan. The long-term rate of return as of June 30, 2020, was calculated using the average long-term capital market assumptions published by the Survey of Capital Market Assumptions, 2020 Edition by Horizon Actuarial Services, LLC, yielding a median real rate of return of 4.94%. The assumed inflation is based on the intermediate inflation of 2.4% in the 2020 OASDI Trustees Report by the Chief Actuary for Social Security to produce 75-year cost projections. Combining these two results yields a nominal return of 7.34%. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Asset Class	Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
risset Class	Allocation	of Return Arithmetic Basis
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	0.11%
Domestic Equity	30.00%	6.19%
Foreign Equity	16.00%	6.92%
Private Equity	14.00%	10.37%
Natural Resources	4.00%	3.43%
Real Estate	9.00%	5.74%
Core Fixed Income	20.00%	1.57%
Non-Core Fixed Income	<u>5.00%</u>	3.97%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.34%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities would be made based on the Board's funding policy, which established the contractually required rates under the Montana Code Annotated. The state contributed 0.10% of the salaries paid by local governments and 0.37% paid by school districts. In addition, the state contributed coal severance tax and interest money from the general fund. The interest was contributed monthly and the severance tax was contributed quarterly. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2123. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. A municipal bond rate was not incorporated in the discount rate.

1.0% Decrease		Current		1.0% Increase		
(6.34%)		Discount Rate		(8.34%)		
\$	350,294	\$ 254,493	`\$ ⁻	174,020		

In accordance with GASB 68 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, the above table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.34%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower (6.34%) or 1.00% higher (8.34%) than the current rate.

PERS Disclosure for the defined contribution plan

Madison County contributed to the state of Montana Public employee Retirement System Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PERS-DCRP) for employees that have elected the DCRP. The PERS-DCRP is administered by the PERB and is reported as a multiple-employer plan established July 1, 2002, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, MCA.

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

All new PERS members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-DCRP by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans.

Member and employer contributions rates are specified by state law and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers. The state Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates.

Benefits are dependent upon eligibility and individual account balances. Participants are vested immediately in their own contributions and attributable income. Participants are vested after 5 years of membership service for the employer's contributions to individual accounts and the attributable income. Non-vested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment per 19-3-2117(5), MCA. Such forfeitures are used to cover the administrative expenses of the PERS-DCRP.

At the plan level for the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, the PERS-DCRP employer did not recognize any net pension liability or pension expense for the defined contribution plan. Plan level non-vested forfeitures for the 329 employers that have participants in the PERS-DCRP totaled \$775,195.

Pension plan fiduciary net position: The stand-alone financial statements (76d) of the Montana Public Employees Retirement Board (PERB) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and the GASB 68 Report disclose the Plan's fiduciary net position. The reports are available from the PERB at PO Box 200131, Helena MT 59620-0131, (406) 444-3154 or both are available on the MPERA website at http://mpera.mt.gov/index.shtml.

NOTE 10. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Governmental Fund equity is classified as fund balance. The Town categorizes fund balance of the governmental funds into the following categories:

<u>Restricted</u> – includes constraint for specific purposes which are externally imposed by a third party, State Constitution, or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes constraint for specific purposes which are internally imposed by the formal action of the council. This is the government's highest level of decision-making authority, Council, and a formal action is required to establish, modify, or rescind the fund balance commitment.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes negative fund balances in all funds, or fund balance with no constraints in the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

The Town considers restricted amounts to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

The Town considers that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Restricted Fund Balance for Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

Major Fund	<u>Amount</u>		Reason of Restriction
Library	\$	93,838	Culture and recreation
All Other Aggregate		68,112	Road Repair, maintenance and supplies
	\$1	61,950	

Restricted Fund Balance for Fiscal year ended June 30, 0221

Major Fund	<u>Amount</u>		<u>Purpose of Restriction</u>
Library	\$	87,352	Culture and recreation
All Other Aggregate		75,105	Road Repair, maintenance and supplies
	\$	162,457	

Committed Fund Balance for Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

<u>Major Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Purpose of Commitment
All Other Aggregate	\$ <u>66,786</u>	Constructions and/or capital asset purchases

Committed Fund Balance for Fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

Major Fund	<u>Amount</u>	Purpose of Commitment
All Other Aggregate	\$55,778	Constructions and/or capital asset purchases

NOTE 11. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

For Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

			How Deficit will be
Fund Name	<u>Amount</u>	Reason for Deficit	Eliminated
		Insufficient resources to cover	Future bond anticipation
Storm Drain District #1	\$ <u>(25,360)</u>	current outstanding payables	note disbursements

NOTE 12. JOINT VENTURES

Joint ventures are independently constituted entities generally created by two or more governments for a specific purpose which are subject to joint control, in which the participating governments retain 1) an ongoing financial interest or 2) an ongoing financial responsibility.

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OTES TO THE PHIANCIAL STATE.

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Library Services

The operations of the Library are included in the financial statements of the Town. The Library is operated under an interlocal agreement between Madison County and the Town of Twin Bridges. The Library operates under the supervision and control of the Library Board. The Board consists of five members who are appointed by the Town Council. The County provides 0.5 mills or \$13,355 per year whichever is more to the Library. For June 30, 2020, the County contributed \$73,479. For June 30, 2021, the County contributed \$79,848.

NOTE 13. SERVICES PROVIDED FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

County Provided Services

The Town is provided various financial services by Madison County. The County also serves as cashier and treasurer for the Town for tax and assessment collections and other revenues received by the County which are subject to distribution to the various taxing jurisdictions located in the County. The collections received by the County on behalf of the Town are accounted for in an agency fund in the Town's name and are periodically remitted to the Town by the County Treasurer. No service charges have been recorded by the Town or the County.

NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County faces a considerable number of risks of loss, including (a) damage to and loss of property and contents, (b) employee torts, (c) professional liability, i.e., errors and omissions, (d) environmental damage, (e) workers' compensation, i.e., employee injuries, and (f) medical insurance costs of employees. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Insurance Pools:

The Town participates in the state-wide public safety risk pool, Montana Municipal Insurance Authority for workers' compensation.

In 1986, the Town joined together with other Montana cities to form the Montana Municipal Insurance Authority which established a workers' compensation plan and a tort liability plan. Both public entity risk pools currently operate as common risk management and insurance programs for the member governments. The liability limits for damages in tort action are \$750,000 per claim and \$1.5 million per occurrence with a \$3.750 deductible per occurrence. State tort law limits the City's liability to \$1.5 million. The Town pays an annual premium for its employee injury insurance coverage, which is allocated to the employer funds based on total salaries and wages. The agreements for formation of the pools provide that they will be self-sustaining through member premiums.

Separate audited financial statements are available from the Montana Municipal Insurance Authority.

TOWN OF TWIN BRIDGES MADISON COUNTY, MONTANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEM

June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March 2021, Congress Passed the American Rescue Plan (ARPA). This plan allocates \$350 billion in new Coronavirus Relief Funds for States, Localities, the U.S. Territories, and Tribal Governments. These funds are to be spent by December 31, 2024. Out of these funds, Town of Twin Bridges is expected receive a total in direct allocation of \$55,258. The eligible use of the funds includes investments in water, sewer or broadband infrastructure, premium pay to essential workers or providing grants to local employers for premium pay, respond to public health emergency with respect to COVID-19 or its negative economic impacts, and to backfill reduced or lost revenues. Of the \$100,963 in direct allocation funds from the ARPA program, the Town received \$53,259 during fiscal year 2021.

The Town is currently trying to secure additional funding for sewer system improvements that will include the ARPA funding directly allocated to the Town. The estimated project cost for these improvements is expect to be \$825,000. As of May 2022, the project is in the early planning stages with its engineer, with the focus being on where the additional funds will come from. The Town has received commitments from the County to use \$100,000 of its direct allocation ARPA funding. The remaining funds that the Town is apply for include ARPA minimum allocation grant equal to \$100,000 and SRF bonds equal to \$600,000.

The stormwater project of the Town continued in the subsequent periods to fiscal year 2021. Through the end May 2022 the Town had incurred an addition \$294,215 in costs on the project. In October 2021, the Town secured the special assessment bonds equal to \$600,000 and paid of the bond anticipation note equal to \$228,480. The remainder of the project will be fund by the special assessment bonds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	_	General								
	_	BUDGETI	ED AI			ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY		VARIANCE WITH FINAL		
DECOMPCES (MICH ONIC)		<u>ORIGINAL</u>		<u>FINAL</u>		BASIS) See Note A		BUDGET		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):	Φ.	00.005	Φ.	00.00.	dh	.=		4		
Taxes and assessments	\$	98,895	\$	98,895	\$	87,728	\$	(11,167)		
Licenses and permits		3,100		3,100		4,991		1,891		
Intergovernmental		50,023		50,023		50,753		730		
Charges for services		1,500		1,500		2,321		821		
Miscellaneous		34,750		34,750		28,046		(6,704)		
Investment earnings		5		5		2		(3)		
Amounts available for appropriation	\$ _	188,273	\$ _	188,273	\$	173,841	\$	(14,432)		
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):										
General government	\$	52,099	\$	43,611	\$	38,889	\$	4,722		
Public safety		11,980		10,180		6,026		4,154		
Public works		90,744		105,192		49,079		56,113		
Public health		100		100		57		43		
Culture and recreation		24,917		25,902		25,313		589		
Debt service - principal		5,300		940		-		940		
Debt service - interest		2,217		1,432		214		1,218		
Capital outlay		87,920		87,920		128,442		(40,522)		
Total charges to appropriations	\$ _	275,277	\$ _	275,277	\$	248,020	\$	27,257		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds of general long term debt	\$	63,334	\$	63,334	\$	63,334	\$	_		
Transfers out	-	(2,620)	*	(2,620)	Ψ	(634)	Ψ	1,986		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	60,714	\$ _	60,714	\$	62,700	\$	1,986		
Net change in fund balance					\$	(11,479)				
Fund balance - beginning of the year					\$	135,327				
Fund balance - end of the year					\$	123,848				

	_	General							
		BUDGETED AMOUNTS				ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY		VARIANCE WITH FINAL	
	_	ORIGINAL		FINAL		BASIS) See Note A		BUDGET	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):									
Taxes and assessments	\$	92,912	\$	97,050	\$	100,853	\$	3,803	
Licenses and permits		5,350		5,350		3,610		(1,740)	
Intergovernmental		125,714		125,714		708,450		582,736	
Charges for services		1,305		1,305		505		(800)	
Miscellaneous		9,845		9,845		8,721		(1,124)	
Investment earnings	_	1	_	1		12		11	
Amounts available for appropriation	\$ _	235,127	\$ _	239,265	\$	822,151	\$	582,886	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):									
General government	\$	49,778	\$	49,778	\$	25,027	\$	24,751	
Public safety		12,000		12,000		8,290		3,710	
Public works		134,281		133,491		54,009		79,482	
Public health		110		110		72		38	
Culture and recreation		23,588		23,588		17,914		5,674	
Debt service - principal		5,930		5,930		5,928		2	
Debt service - interest		1,045		1,045		1,149		(104)	
Capital outlay	_	14,900		15,690		658,852		(643,162)	
Total charges to appropriations	\$ _	241,632	\$	241,632	\$	771,241	\$	(529,609)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out	\$	(2,650)	\$	(2,650)	\$	(309)	\$	2,341	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	(2,650)	\$ _	(2,650)	\$	(309)	\$	2,341	
Net change in fund balance					\$	50,601			
Fund balance - beginning of the year					\$	123,848			
Fund balance - end of the year					\$	174,449			

	_	Library							
	_	BUDGETI	ED A			ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY		VARIANCE WITH FINAL	
		<u>ORIGINAL</u>		FINAL		BASIS) See Note A		<u>BUDGET</u>	
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):									
Intergovernmental	\$	2,400	\$	2,400	\$	3,169	\$	769	
Charges for services		73,000		73,000		73,479		479	
Miscellaneous		1,100		1,100		1,517		417	
Investment earnings		100		100		129		29	
Amounts available for appropriation	\$_	76,600	\$_	76,600	\$	78,294	\$	1,694	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):									
Culture and recreation	\$	82,150	\$	82,150	\$	67,466	\$	14,684	
Total charges to appropriations	\$ _	82,150	\$ _	82,150	\$	67,466	\$	14,684	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	_	\$	(4,000)	
Transfers out				-	•	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	4,000	\$ _	4,000	\$		\$.	(14,000)	
Net change in fund balance					\$	828			
Fund balance - beginning of the year					\$	81,587			
Fund balance - end of the year					\$	82,415			

		Library								
			ED A	AMOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY		VARIANCE WITH FINAL		
BB00778 000 0000 00000		<u>ORIGINAL</u>		<u>FINAL</u>		BASIS) See Note A		BUDGET		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):										
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	79,848	\$	79,848		
Intergovernmental		2,900		2,900		5,691		2,791		
Charges for services		73,000		73,000		-		(73,000)		
Miscellaneous		16,001		16,001		16,754		753		
Investment earnings	_	100		100		76		(24)		
Amounts available for appropriation	\$.	92,001	\$	92,001	\$	102,369	\$	10,368		
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):										
Culture and recreation	\$	130,001	\$	76,000	\$	76,044	\$	(44)		
Capital outlay		· •		27,000		24,960		2,040		
Total charges to appropriations	\$	130,001	\$	103,000	\$	101,004	\$	1,996		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,000)	\$	(5,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	_	\$	-	\$	(5,000)	\$	(5,000)		
Net change in fund balance					\$	(3,635)				
Fund balance - beginning of the year					\$	93,838				
Fund balance - end of the year					\$	90,203				

	_	Storm Drain District #1						
	_	BUDGETE	D A	MOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY		VARIANCE WITH FINAL
DESCRIPTIONS OF THE STATE OF TH		<u>ORIGINAL</u>		FINAL		BASIS) See Note A		BUDGET
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):								
Taxes and assessments	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	(30,000)
Intergovernmental		600,000	-			-		-
Amounts available for appropriation	\$ _	630,000	\$	30,000	\$		\$	(30,000)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):								
General government	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	15,000
Public works		100,100		100,100	-	15,470	4	84,630
Capital outlay		427,275		427,275		114,580		312,695
Total charges to appropriations	\$ _	542,375	\$	542,375	\$	130,050	\$	412,325
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds of general long term debt	\$	_	\$	600,000	\$	129,602	\$	(470,398)
Transfers out	•	(49,158)	Ψ	(49,158)	Ψ	127,002	Ψ	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	(49,158)	\$	550,842	\$	129,602	\$	49,158 (421,240)
Net change in fund balance					\$	(448)		
Fund balance - beginning of the year Fund balance - end of the year					\$ \$	(24,912) (25,360)		

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note A - Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General		Library		Storm Drain District #1
Sources/Inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	173,841	\$	78,294	· - \$	-
Combined funds (GASBS 54) revenues		-		21,842		-
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances-governmental funds.	\$ _	173,841	· - · \$ <u>-</u>	100,136	\$ =	-
Uses/Outflows of resources Actual amounts (Budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	248,020	\$	67,466	\$	130,050
Combined funds (GASBS 54) expenditures		-		10,419		-
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	- \$	248,020	\$ _	77,885	* -	130,050

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note A - Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	 General	Library
Sources/Inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 822,151	\$ 102,369
Combined funds (GASBS 54) revenues	-	34,030
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances-governmental funds.	\$ 822,151	\$ 136,399
Uses/Outflows of resources Actual amounts (Budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 771,241	\$ 101,004
Combined funds (GASBS 54) expenditures	-	36,881
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 771,241	\$ 137,885

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Entity's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Total OPEB liability		2021	2020	2019	2018
Service Cost	\$	2,899 \$	1,501 \$	19,976 \$	5,295
Interest		-	1,068	1,327	707
Differences in experience		-	1,179	914	-
Change in assumptions and inputs		-	(624)	1,338	(124)
Benefit payments		(678)	(769)	(772)	(917)
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,221	2,355	22,783	4,961
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		43,075	40,702	17,937	23,002
Restatement		_	-	-	(10,026)
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ _	45,296 \$	43,057 \$	40,720 \$	17,937
Covered-employee payroll	\$	165,487 \$	152,723 \$	150,340 \$	152,030
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered -employee payroll		27%	28%	27%	12%

^{*}The above schedule is presented by combining the required schedules from GASB 75 paragraphs 170a and 170b. The GASB requires that 10 years of information related to the OPEB liability be presented, additional data will be provided as it becomes available.

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

PERS 2015	0.0082810%	103,184	1.260	104,444	93,742	111.22%	79.87%
PERS 2016	0.0102780%	143,666 \$	1.765 \$	145,431 \$	\$ 119,941 \$	119.78%	78.40%
PERS 2017	0.0106030%	180,608 \$	2,207 \$	182,815 \$	127,007 \$	142.20%	74.71%
PERS 2018	0.0113560%	221,165 \$			140,869 \$	157.00%	73.75%
PERS 2019	•	183,388 \$		244,533 \$		126.78%	73.47%
PERS 2020	%0090600.0	189,392 \$	61,412 \$	334,353 \$ 250,804 \$	149,496 \$	126.69%	73.85%
PERS 2021	0.0096946%	254,493 \$	79,860 \$	334,353 \$	161,849 \$	157.24%	%06.89
	Employer's proportion of the net pension liability Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	associated with the Employer State of Montana's proportionate share of the net pension	liability associated with the Employer		Employer's covered payroll Employer's proportionate share of the net pencion liability	as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	pension liability

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

PERS 2015	9,884	9,884 - 119,941 8 24%	0/47.0
PERS 2016	. ⇔	10,616 \$ - \$ 127,007 \$ 8 36%	0/00:0
PERS 2017	¦ <i>∽</i>	11,791 \$ - \$ 140,869 \$ 8.37%	
PERS 2018		12,239 \$ - \$ 144,654 \$ 8.46%	
PERS 2019	! ∽	12,858 \$ - \$ 149,496 \$ 8.60%	
PERS 2020	∽	14,180 \$ - \$ 161,849 \$ 8.76%	
PERS 2021	69	14,276 \$ - \$ 162,782 \$ 8.77%	
1	Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the contractually required	contributions \$ Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ Town's covered payroll \$ Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions For the Year ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

Public Employees' Retirement System of Montana (PERS)

Changes of Benefit Terms

The following changes to the plan provision were made as identified:

2013 Legislative Changes

Working Retirees - House Bill 95 - PERS, SRS, and FURS, effective July 1, 2013

- The law requires employer contributions on working retiree compensation.
- Member contributions are not required.
- Working retiree limitations are not impacted. PERS working retirees may still work up to 960 hours a year, without impacting benefits.

Highest Average Compensation (HAC) Cap - House Bill 97, effective July 1, 2013

- All PERS members hired on or after July 1, 2013 are subject to a 110% annual cap on compensation considered as part of a member's highest or final average compensation.
- All bonuses paid to PERS members on or after July 1, 2013 will not be treated as compensation for retirement purposes.

Permanent Injunction Limits Application of the GABA Reduction – Passed under House Bill 454

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) - for PERS

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of all other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- 1.5% for members hired on or after July 1, 2007 and before July 1, 2013
- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
 - o 1.5% each tear PERS is funded at or above 90%;
 - o 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
 - o 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.

2015 Legislative Changes

General Revisions - House Bill 101, effective January 1, 2016

Second Retirement Benefit - for PERS

- Applies to PERS members who return to active service on or after January 1, 2016. Members who retire before January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment, and accumulate less than 2 years of service credit before retiring again:
 - Refund of member's contributions from second employment, plus regular interest (currently 2.5%);
 - No service credit for second employment;
 - O Start same benefit amount the month following termination; and
 - o GABA starts again in the January immediately following second retirement.
- For members who retire before January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate two or more years of service credit before retiring again:

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions For the Year ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

- Member receives a recalculated retirement benefit based on laws in effect at second retirement; and,
- o GABA starts in the January after receiving recalculated benefit for 12 months.
- For members who retire on or after January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate less than 5 years of service credit before retiring again:
 - Refund of member's contributions from second employment, plus regular interest (currently 2.5%);
 - o No service credit for second employment
 - O Start same benefit amount the month following termination; and,
 - o GABA starts again in the January immediately following second retirement.
- For members who retire on or after January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment, and accumulate five or more years of service credit before retiring again:
 - Member receives same retirement benefit as prior to return to service:
 - o Member receives second retirement benefit for second period of service based on laws in effect at second retirement; and
 - o GABA starts on both benefits in January after member receives original and new benefit for 12 months.

Revise DC Funding Laws - House Bill 107, effective July 1, 2015

Employer Contributions and the Defined Contribution Plan – for PERS and MUS-RP

The PCR was paid off effective March 2016, and the contributions of 2.37%, 0.47%, and the 1.0% increase previously directed to the PCR are now directed to the Defined Contribution or MUS-RP member's account.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The following addition to the actuarial assumptions was adopted in 2014, based upon implementation of GASB Statement 68:

Admin Expense as % of Payroll 0.27%

The following changes were adopted in 2013 based on the 2013 Economic Experience Study:

General Wage Growth 4.00% Includes inflation at 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment

expense and including inflation

Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and **Schedule of Contributions** For the Year ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021

The following actuarial assumptions are from the June 2010 Experience Study:

General Wage Growth 4.25% Includes inflation at 3.00% Merit increase 0% to 7.3%

8.00%, net of pension plan investment Investment rate of return

expense, and including inflation

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method

Level percentage of pay, open

Denning, Downey & Associates, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1740 U.S. Hwy 93 South, P.O. Box 1957, Kalispell, MT 59903-1957

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Town Council Town of Twin Bridges Madison County Twin Bridges, Montana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing* Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Twin Bridges's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Twin Bridges, Madison County, Montana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Twin Bridges' internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described below to be material weaknesses as identified as item(s) 2021-001.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described below to be significant deficiencies as identified as item(s) 2021-002 and 2021-003.

2021-001 <u>Benefactors of the Twin Bridges Library Controls</u>

Condition:

We noted the following weaknesses in the internal controls systems of the Benefactors of the Twin Bridges Library, a blended component unit of the Town of Twin Bridges:

- 1. The processes for receipting, recording, depositing, and reconciliation of the bank accounts is not segregated.
- 2. There is no receipting system in place to document when collections were received.
- 3. Supporting documentation is not maintained to support the deposits of collections from miscellaneous donors
- 4. No authorization process to document the use of the debit card and ensure support is maintained
- 5. The checks do not always have two signers
- 6. There are no processes in place to identify how costs should be coded

Context:

The auditor completed a control walkthrough of the receipting and disbursing systems using inquiry, observation, and inspection of documentation.

Criteria:

- 1. An adequate internal control system requires that there be adequate segregation of duties of cash receipting, recording, depositing, and reconciling to the extent possible.
- 2. An adequate internal control system requires that all collections received by the Benefactors be receipted in to create record of the date of receipt, amount of cash and checks being collected, and source.
- 3. An adequate internal control system requires that adequate supporting documentation be provided to support the collections for all revenues received in order to ensure all money collected is accounted for.
- 4. An adequate internal control system should require authorization to use debit cards and document this authorization.
- 5. An adequate internal control system should require that two authorized signers sign the disbursements.
- 6. An adequate internal control system should require a process to review the claim invoices to identify the proper coding based on the goods and services provided.

Effect:

- 1 through 5. The internal control procedures are weakened increasing the risk of error or misappropriation of assets.
- 6. The capital outlay costs in Library Fund were materially understated in both fiscal year 2020 and 2021 equal to \$8,164 and \$18,398. These misclassifications were corrected by audit adjustment are reflected in the financial statements.

Cause:

- 1. The Treasurer is the only individual involved in the receipting process and completes all receipting, recording, depositing, and the reconciliation of the accounts.
- 2. The only form of receipt is the entry of the bank activity in the Benefactors checkbook ledgers.
- 3. The Benefactors only keep supporting documentation to large donations or grants that may have come with letter of intent.
- 4. The debit card is maintained in the custody of the Treasurer, but no authorization documentation is maintained for when it is used.
- 5. The Benefactors did not always follow its policy of requiring two signatures on the checks.
- 6. The Benefactors do no have system in place to account for the activity of the organization for reporting, and only keeps a checkbook ledger of the bank activity.

Recommendation:

- 1. We recommend that the Benefactors implement segregation of duties to the extent possible.
- 2. We recommend that the Benefactors review its collection process, and implement receipting procedures requiring all collections be receipted in the day of collection and require that those receipts be balanced to collections to use as support to deposits.
- 3. We recommended that the Benefactors review its processes and determine what additional documentation needs to be maintained, and very least maintain deposit documentation with receipts.
- 4. We recommend that the Benefactors implement polices and procedures requiring the use of the debit card be authorized and this authorization be documented with supporting receipts and invoices.
- 5. We recommend that the Benefactors review its check signing process and implement additional procedures to ensure that two signatures are always on the checks.
- 6. We recommend that the Benefactors begin using an accounting system to account for the activity of the organization, and implement procedures to determine how transactions should be recording in the accounting system to best report that activity.

2021-002 <u>Segregation of duties (Repeated 2014-005, 2015-005, 2016-001, and 2019-004)</u>

Condition:

During our review of Town Hall internal controls, we noted in the small office collection location; there is an absence of segregation of duties due to the size and resources available to allow segregation of duties.

Context:

We performed an internal control review of the Town Clerk offices using inquiry, observation, and documentation.

Criteria:

An adequate internal control system requires the duties of receipting, depositing, and recording to be segregated.

Effect:

The town's internal controls are weakened due to the segregation of duties issue inherent in having only one office employee for each receipting location.

Cause:

The Town does not have adequate resources to properly segregate duties for the cash receipting and accounting functions of the Town office.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Town continue to take a proactive approach in monitoring the controls related to the Town Clerk.

2021-003 Pledged Security Controls (Repeated 2019-005)

Condition:

The Town had uninsured and uncollateralized deposits equal to \$113,310 at the end of June 30, 2020 and \$149,572 at the end of June 30, 2021. This is a repeat finding from prior year audit.

Context:

We analyzed Town deposits with banks to ensure the Town has adequate security and insurance backing those deposits in event of bank failing.

Criteria:

The Town should have adequate internal control procedures to analyze its bank deposits to ensure they are adequately insured and collateralized.

Effect:

The Town has uninsured and uncollateralized bank deposits of \$113,310 at June 30, 2020 and \$149,572 at June 30, 2021, which is 15% and 16% of total cash deposits during these periods.

Cause:

The Town does not have procedures to periodically review its bank deposits to ensure they are adequately protected.

Recommendation:

We recommend the Town implement policies and procedures to review bank deposits on a quarterly basis to ensure they Town deposits are 100% insured and collateralized.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Twin Bridges's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Twin Bridges's Response to Findings

Town of Twin Bridges's response to the findings identified in our audit is in the Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Town of Twin Bridges's response was not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Menning, Downey and Associates, CPA's, P.C. June 29, 2022

Denning, Downey & Associates, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1740 U.S. Hwy 93 South, P.O. Box 1957, Kalispell, MT 59903-1957

REPORT ON PRIOR AUDIT REPORT RECOMMENDATIONS

Town Council Town of Twin Bridges Madison County Twin Bridges, Montana

The prior audit report contained five recommendations. The action taken on each recommendation is as follows:

Recommendation	Action Taken
2019-001 Understated Accounts Payable	Implemented
2019-002 Understated Accounts Receivable	Implemented
2019-003 Grant reimbursement requests	Implemented
2019-004 Segregation of duties	Repeated
2019-005 Pledged Security Controls	Repeated

Denning, Downey and associates, CPA's, P.C.

June 29, 2022

WHERE THE RIVERS MEET: RUBY, BEAVERHEAD, BIG HOLE, AND JEFFERSON

Town of Twin Bridges

The Town of Twin Bridges is an equal opportunity employer.

PO BOX 307/104 E. 6th Avenue, Twin Bridges, MT 59754

Phone: 406-684-5243 Fax: 406-684-5299

Contact Person:

Kristi Millhouse, Town Clerk/Treasurer

Expected Completion Date of Corrective Action Plan: As soon as possible.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FINDING 2021-001: Benefactors of the Twin Bridges Library Controls

<u>Response</u>: The Town of Twin Bridges has discussed the issues of the Benefactors of the Twin Bridges Library, with the Library Board.

FINDING 2021-002: Segregation of Duties (Repeated 2014-005, 2015-005, 2016-001, and 2019-004)

<u>Response</u>: The Town of Twin Bridges will continue to work as they are and implement as many internal controls as possible to help with the segregation of duties issue and the possibility of theft. The segregation of duties finding can only be eliminated by hiring additional staff which is not financially feasible at this time.

FINDING 2021-003: Pledged Security Controls (Repeated 2019-005)

Response: The Town of Twin Bridges will amend their procedures for the pledged securities watching them on a quarterly basis. We will explore different options to help with this situation. The pledged securities was fixed after the previous audit (FY18-19), our revenue increased causing us to need an additional increase in pledged securities.

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FINDING 2019-001: Understated Accounts Payable

Response: Implemented

FINDING 2019-002: Understated Accounts Receivable

Response: Implemented

FINDING 2019-003: Grant reimbursement requests

Response: Implemented

FINDING 2019-004: Segregation of duties

Town Council: President- Matt Greemore, Nolan Frandsen, Scott Holbrook, Jim Klyap, and Jordan High Mayor: Patty Hayes Town Clerk/Treasurer: Kristi Millhouse

Maintenance Supervisor: Sam Novich Maintenance: Rick Zahn

WHERE THE RIVERS MEET: RUBY, BEAVERHEAD, BIG HOLE, AND JEFFERSON

Town of Twin Bridges

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PO BOX 307/104 E. 6th Avenue, Twin Bridges, MT 59754

Phone: 406-684-5243 Fax: 406-684-5299

<u>Response</u>: The Town of Twin Bridges will continue to work as they are and implement as many internal controls as possible to help with the segregation of duties issue and the possibility of theft. The segregation of duties finding can only be eliminated by hiring additional staff which is not financially feasible at this time.

FINDING 2019-005: Pledged Security Controls

Response: The Town of Twin Bridges will amend their procedures for the pledged securities watching them on a quarterly basis. We will explore different options to help with this situation. The pledged securities was fixed after the previous audit (FY18-19), our revenue increased causing us to need an additional increase in pledged securities.